## REPUBLIC OF IRAQ

## MINISTRY OF PLANNING

Iraq Social Fund for Development SFD (P163108)

# ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL MANAGEMENT PLAN (ESMP)

### FOR THE

CONSTRUCTION WATER NETWORK IN 2 VILLAGES (HUSTAN, AASHI BIRAH KUIZ).

IN
ERBIL GOVERNORATE

17 TH AUGUST 2023

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## IRAQ: Social Fund for Development Project PART A: GENERAL PROJECT AND SITE INFORMATION

| INSTITUTIONAL & ADMI  | INSTITUTIONAL & ADMINISTRATIVE  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Country   | a e   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | STRUCTION WATER NETWORK IN 2 VILLAGES (HUSTAN, AASHI BIRAH KUIZ) BIL GOVERNORATE.   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Iraq effect prog is his capa a for Disp  The Worl Dever impr vuln and natio insti on th  The basic targe check base moni exan (both meas bene | faces a historic opportunity for national reconciliation through the civice delivery of critical social services, economic growth and recovery grams. The reinstatement of trust between the State and its citizens ighly dependent on the Government of Iraq (GOI) demonstrating its acity to deliver security, jobs and economic growth to all Iraqis, with icus on the poor, the vulnerable and the millions of Internally oblaced People (IDP).  GOI, represented by the Ministry of Planning (MOP), requested the lid Bank's support in the design and financing of a Social Fund for elopment (SFD) project to support locally driven initiatives to rove the living conditions and opportunities of the poor and most the real People in Iraq. The GOI has demonstrated its commitment support to the design of this operation and established a high-level conal team to guide and coordinate the development and intuionalization of the SFD, as well as five technical teams to work the different aspects of the fund.  Project Development Objectives (PDOs) are to: (1) Improve access to be construction and coordinate the development of the services and (2) Increase short-term employment opportunities, in each communities. This environmental and social management exhibit reflects the main issues (project description and activities, eline conditions, impact analyses, mitigation measures and ditoring arrangements). The main objective of this document is to mine the environmental and socio-economic impacts of the project the construction and operation phases), and to propose mitigation sures. The project is expected to result in significant socio-economic effits for the local communities and surrounding areas in addition to eloping social awareness and group responsibility. |  |  |  |  |  |  |

#### PROJECT LOCATION & SITE DESCRIPTION

According to the Environmental and Social Management Framework (ESMF) which was prepared for the Iraq Social Fund for Development Project disclosed locally in Iraq and on the World Bank's website<sup>1</sup>. Environmental and Social Management plan (ESMP)/ Environmental and Social Management Checklist Will be prepared, cleared, publicly consulted and disclosed prior to the commencement of any rehabilitation activity. The World Bank Operational Policy 4.01 on Environmental Assessment was triggered as the proposed Subprojects has some potential negative environmental and social impacts. Accordingly, this Environmental and Social Management Checklist is required to implement the Sub-project in accordance with the requirements of the World Bank's Operational Procedures and applicable Iraqi national legislation.

## Project Location

The subprojects are located in Hustan, Aashi Birah Kuiz These subprojects are located in the governorate of ERBIL that is located in northern of Iraq.

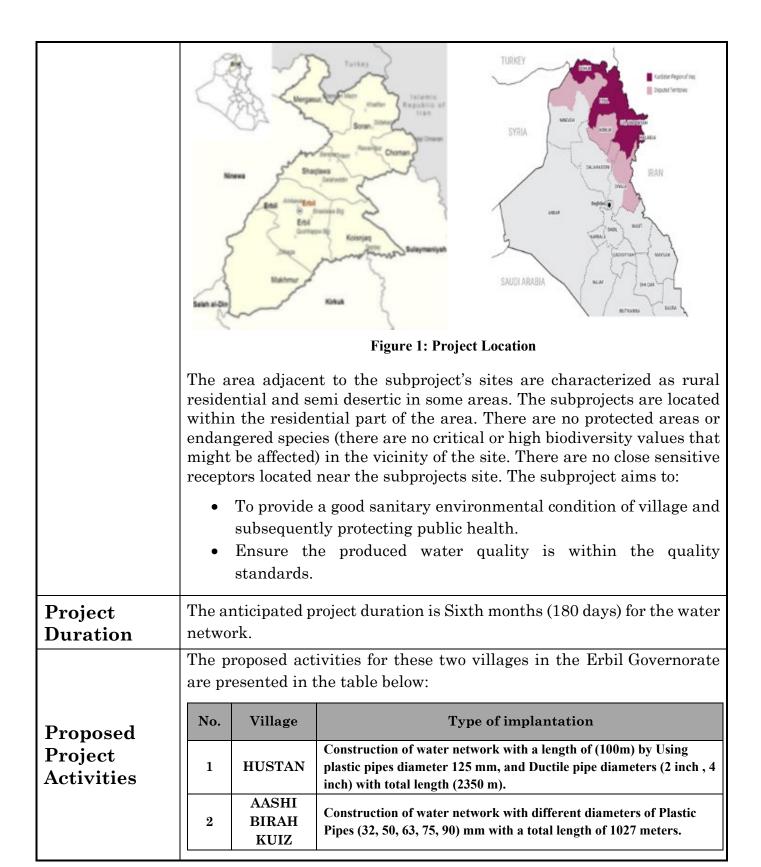
**Erbil** shares internal boundaries with the governorates of Sulaymaniah, Duhok, Kirkuj and Ninwah. (as shown in figure below).

The length of each network, coordinates, and the population in each village are shown in the table below:

Table 1: Information about the villages

|     | Table 1: Information about the vinages |                |            |   |  |  |  |  |
|-----|--|----------------|------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| No. | Village                                | Length<br>(Km) | Population | Coordinates                                 |  |  |  |  |
| 1   | HUSTAN                                 | 2.45           | 800        | 36.92978 , 44.08687                         |  |  |  |  |
| 2   | AASHI<br>BIRAH KUIZ                    | 1.027          | 670        | 36.6551907, 44.9083788                      |  |  |  |  |
|     | Total                                  | 3.477 KM       | 1470       |   |  |  |  |  |
|     | Note                                   | -              |            | ere inferred through<br>procedures in ERBIL |  |  |  |  |

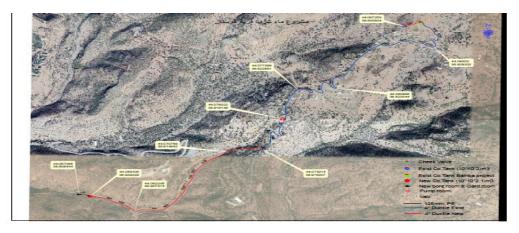
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>https://documents1.worldbank.org/curated/en/221731554372651925/pdf/Environmental-and-Social-Management-Framework.pdf



The main steps that happened to the water to be compatible with the legislations and water quality standards are:

- 1. Providing the necessary materials and equipment for excavating trenches at a depth of 120 cm and a width of 90 cm including cracking the sidewalks and streets.
- 2. Laying down and connecting plastic pipes and then wrapping the pipe with clean soil followed by connecting households by 0.5-inch diameter.
- 3. Backfilling of the trenches by used excavated soil at a height of (0.55 m), rehabilitation and restoration of sidewalks and streets (if any) that were demolished and returned as it was with the removal of excess construction wastes. The excavated soil resulting from the digging will be used for backfilling and refilling. However, if any surplus materials (excavated soil) remained, there will be coordination with the municipal local authority to properly dispose of the remaining material in the designated landfill.

As per design of the water distribution network, these pipes will be installed within the right of way and side walk of streets inside residential area of the village. It is not expected that these pipes will pass through agricultural/private lands and/or cause any restriction of access and livelihood impacts. Below is the network layout.



**HUSTAN Village** 



#### Aashi Birah Kuiz Village

The anticipated duration of construction works in the villages is about 180 days for water networks with about 10-15 workers per day per site and most of them are local workers and the rest are engineers and technicians. Workers from other villages will need to have their accommodation facilities in the camp, during the construction phase. The setup of a camp will be on vacant state-owned lands. Also, storage of equipment and construction materials will be on vacant state-owned lands.

## Land Use and Acquisition

The area adjacent to the project's sites are characterized as rural residential and semi desertic to agricultural area. However, the construction activities will not cause an impact on agricultural areas or cause any crop damage.

The water network will be constructed on state land and hence there are no issues related to land acquisition and free of encroachers or squatters. The implementation activities will not cause relocation of people, vendors, and any individuals. No sensitive receptors or critical habitats in the footprint or close to sub-project activities.

## Contractor's Camp

The construction of water network will need about 10-15 workers for each site per day per day. Workers are expected to be hired locally, however if a construction camp is deemed necessary, it will be installed on vacant state-owned land. Portable holding tanks will be installed in the subproject, waste will be collected and disposed in an authorized waste treatment plant/authorized disposing site to be determined later by the local municipality.

|                                      | The contractor will establish his storage on vacant state-owned land for equipment and material within the area close to the construction area. The construction camp should have independent sources of water and electricity, and an adequate Holding tank for sanitary effluent disposal. Due to its geographical location, an influx of workers to the subproject area is not expected. Most of the workers will be locals from the surrounding areas and will return to their homes / that's mean they don't need to accommodation. And there skills (According to the nature of the work and will be guided by craftsmen).  |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| PROJECT BASELIN                      | N CONDITIONS  |
| Geographic<br>Conditions             | The areas of the subproject have some mountains, cliffs, and valleys. There are no protected areas or endangered species. In the project area, the elevation is about 426m AMSL. No natural land obstacles are presented in the subproject areas.   |
| Climate, Air<br>Quality and<br>noise | ERBIL (or Hewler in Kurdish) governorate is located in the northern part of Iraq. The governorate's terrain mostly consists of mountain slopes, hills and valleys. The average temperature ranges from 6.3 °C (43.4 °F) in January to 35 °C (94.9 °F) in July. So, to 29.4 °C (84.8 °F) in September. The summer season (June-September) is hot and dry, while the winters are colder and wet.  In ERBIL annual precipitation amounts to 63.18mm (2.49 in), most of which occurring from November to April, while it never rains from June to September. Here is the average precipitation. Erbil climate: Temperature Erbil & Weather By Month (climate-data.org).  The subproject sites are located in open areas, so the expected concentration of air pollutants is low. Air pollutants in the villages are caused mainly from movement of vehicles and trucks. Therefore, the ambient air quality is expected to be within the WHO ambient air quality standards. (Annex3).  Currently, there is no traffic congestion and consequently the existed noise level is within the normal levels. |
| Hydrogeolog                          | Flooding of the area near the project has not been reported in the past   |
| y Conditions                         | years.  |
| Ecology<br>Conditions                | The project areas do not contain any globally important habitats or ecosystems. There are no Nature Reserves or other legally protected areas in the vicinity of the project or in a close proximity.   |

#### There are no sites of historical or cultural importance in the area. There Heritage are no cemeteries, historical-cultural monuments, churches, mosques **Environment** near the project that need to be removed or will be impacted due to the construction activities. The population of these projects area is approximately 1470. The suggested areas of the roads will be on state land, where no land or property expropriation will be necessary and is free from encroachers or squatters. All the areas around the sites remain clear of any settlement Socioor economic use and are ready for construction works, no interference is economic registered from the local community which is eager for the works to be Aspects completed. It is important to mention that during the construction of the road, it is not expected to cause restriction of access or livelihood impacts. Some of the population have a degree or equivalent to Bachelor level, and some have equivalent to middle school, some of them operating small businesses and they have only a few years of basic education. LEGISLATION & POLICIES The applicable national legislation is as follows: ➤ The Law for the Protection and Improvement of Environment No. 27, ▶ Public Health Law No. 89 of 1981, amended by Resolution No.54 of Law No.3,1997 regarding to Environment protection ➤ Instructions No. 2 of 2014 on Environmental Protection from Municipal Waste: National & ➤ Law No. 2 of 2001 on Conservation of Water Resources. ➤ Instructions no. 3 of 2015 on Hazardous Waste Management; Local Law No. 6 of 1988 concerning the National Commission for Legislation Occupational Hygiene and Safety; and World Instructions No. 12 of the year 2016: Occupational Health and Safety: Bank ➤ Labor Law No. 37 of 2015; Policies that Law no. 89 of the year 1981, amended by Decree No.54 of 2001: Apply to the Public Health: **Project** Law No. 41 for the year of 2015: Noise Protection and Control; ➤ Public Roads Law No. 35 of 2002; ➤ Instructions No.3 of 2012: National Emissions' Determinants for Activities and Businesses by the Ministry of Health and **Environment:**

➤ OP 4.01

The main WB safeguard policies applicable for SFD are:

Regulation No. 4 for the year of 2012: Ambient Air Quality;
 World Health Organization (WHO) Guidelines for Drinking Water Quality<sup>2</sup>

Environmental Assessment

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> https://www.who.int/publications/i/item/9789241549950

- ➤ OP 4.12 Involuntary Resettlement (There might be a probability of storage of construction materials within the project area. Until the date of report development, no land acquisition is anticipated.).
- ➤ OP 4.11 Physical and Cultural Resources (The proposed construction activities are not expected to pose risks of damaging cultural property).
- labor influx guidance note (2016).
- ➤ WB General Environmental, Health, and Safety guideline³

The EHS guidelines entail effective methods for managing environmental, health and safety issues in accordance with WBG requirements. This includes understanding the likelihood, magnitude, and priority of the EHS risks. The EHS guidelines include 4 primary sections and respective subsections (applicable segments from the EHS guidelines for the sub-project are highlighted in **Red**):

#### 1. Environmental Guidelines

- 1) Ambient Air Quality Limits and Guidelines
- **2)** Energy Conservation Energy Conservation and Efficiency Methods
- 3) Water and Sanitation<sup>4</sup>- The EHS Guidelines for Water and Sanitation include information relevant to the operation and maintenance of (i) potable water treatment and distribution systems, and (ii) collection of sewage in centralized systems (such as piped sewer collection networks) or decentralized systems (such as septic tanks subsequently serviced by pump trucks) and treatment of collected sewage at centralized facilities.
- 4) Wastewater and Ambient Water Quality Effluent water quality and indicators for water discharge and treatment
- **5)** Water Conservation Methods for ensuring reduction in water consumption
- **6)** Hazardous Material Management The appropriate Methods for managing hazardous waste and instructions on community and worker protection
- 7) Waste Management Instructions on waste management and planning, waste prevention and safe waste disposal
- 8) Noise Methods for prevention and control of Noise, and the applicable noise limits for different activities and exposure period

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> https://www.ifc.org/wps/wcm/connect/29f5137d-6e17-4660-b1f9-02bf561935e5/Final%2B-%2BGeneral%2BEHS%2BGuidelines.pdf?MOD=AJPERES&CVID=nPtguVM

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> https://www.ifc.org/wps/wcm/connect/0d8cb86a-9120-4e37-98f7-cfb1a941f235/Final%2B-%2BWater%2Band%2BSanitation.pdf?MOD=AJPERES&CVID=nPtk0wW

- 9) Contaminated Land Management approaches for contaminated land due to different hazardous substances or waste or oil. Includes Risk Reduction measures
- 2. Occupational Health and Safety Guidelines<sup>5</sup>
  - 1) General Facility Design and Operation ensuring appropriate facility integration of H&S, that integrates safety measures in design for different physical hazards
  - **2)** Communication and Training Ensuring there is an appropriate level of communication between workers and management, and that there is sufficient training for all workers prior to operations
  - 3) Physical Hazards Methods for prevention of accidents or injuries that can occur due to exposure to mechanical or other physical works, including Noise and Vibrations
  - 4) Chemical Hazards Injuries and accidents that could occur due to usage of chemicals and methods of protection and prevention. Includes management of fires and explosions
  - **5)** Biological Hazards Protection and Management of different biological agents
  - 6) Radiological Hazards Management and Limits for Radiation Exposure
  - 7) PPE Guidance on usage of PPE and clearly highlighting that it should be considered the last resort
  - 8) Special Hazards Environments Guidance on Managing different environments that can present a risk to workers such as confined spaces.
  - 9) Monitoring Efficient monitoring of occupational health and safety programs and mitigation measures. This includes the Occupational Accident Reporting frequency
- 3. Community Health and Safety Guidelines<sup>6</sup>
  - Water Quality and Availability Ensuring the protection of nearby water resources such as groundwater and surface water sources.
  - 2) Structural Safety of the Project Potential Hazards that could occur due to poor design and methodology for dealing with those hazards. Includes the general approach that architects/structural engineers must follow to ensure community safety is considered during design

https://www.ifc.org/wps/wcm/connect/1d19c1ab-3ef8-42d4-bd6bcb79648af3fe/2%2BOccupational%2BHealth%2Band%2BSafety.pdf?MOD=AJPERES&CVID=nPtgxyx

<sup>6</sup> https://www.ifc.org/wps/wcm/connect/eeb82b4a-e9a8-4ad1-9472f1c766eb67c8/3%2BCommunity%2BHealth%2Band%2BSafety.pdf?MOD=AJPERES&CVID=nPtgxTd

- 3) Life and Fire Safety (L&FS) Ensuring that building design is in accordance with local regulations and requirements, and that it integrates Fire safety standards (more focused on buildings rather than infrastructure)
- 4) Traffic Safety Includes the potential risks and impacts on traffic and from traffic that occurs due to the project. Includes recommend measures to deal with traffic risk
- **5)** Transport of Hazardous Material Approach and Guidelines for transporting hazardous material, including a hazard assessment and emergency response plan.
- 6) Disease Prevention Includes the recommended interventions and methods to protect the community from communicable diseases and vector borne diseases
- 7) Emergency Response and Preparedness This sub section requires a plan and response system in place to respond to any potential emergency that could occur due to the works or operation
- 4. Construction and Decommissioning Guidelines?
  - 1) Environment covers the different environmental factors that could be affected by the construction activities including soil erosion, disturbance to water bodies, disturbance to air quality, wastewater discharges etc.
  - **2)** Occupational Health and Safety Different OHS risks due to construction or decommissioning works
  - **3)** Community Health and Safety Different Hazards that can occur due to the project and affect the surrounding community.
  - 4) Grievance Redress Service

#### PUBLIC CONSULTATION & GRIEVANCE REDRESS MECHANISMS

## Public Consultation Process

The consultations were carried out in the village for the construction of the subproject the water treatment and the network on the **October 2022**.

Group consultations were conducted with the villagers, and accordingly a questionnaire was formulated to cover the main environmental and social aspects related to the sub-project.

The purpose of conducting the consultation activities is to achieve the following:

- 1) Discuss project objectives and their subproject activities.
- 2) Disclose information regarding the Grievance Mechanism resources in place.

https://www.ifc.org/wps/wcm/connect/7d708218-2a9e-4fcc-879d-9d5051746e7d/4%2BConstruction%2Band%2BDecommissioning.pdf?MOD=AJPERES&CVID=nPtgy6x

- 3) Discuss anticipated environmental and social impacts associated with the project.
- 4) Propose extensive mitigation measures to address potential environmental and social risks associated with the project activities.

The formatted questionnaire was then addressed to 7 women and 16 men in the surrounding community in TWO Villages randomly to have their opinions and thoughts regarding the construction activities.

#### **Consultation Results:**

All interviewees expressed their hope that the completion of the project will improve their life quality. All those interviewed expressed their support for the project. Therefore, they link the project with improving their living conditions and the development of the area economically. They also stressed the importance of providing a timetable for the completion of the project because they heard of many planned projects in their district but have not seen them being completed. The participants emphasized that they know that the project's benefits are far greater than its negative impacts and confirmed their willingness to cooperate with the project. All participants in the village expressed that the construction of the compact water unit will have a positive impact on their social daily life. Please refer to Annex 1 and Annex 2 for sample of the consultations for both men and women in these villages. The full list of participants for public consultations and individual interviews are attached in standalone document to reduce the size of the instrument. As per the questionnaire prepared for individual interview, the below are the main findings:

- 1) No deportation or dislocation of any of the local community will be needed due to these activities.
- 2) No vegetation covers, crops, plants, trees...etc. will be removed in order to execute the construction activities.
- 3) No infrastructure will be affected negatively due to the construction activities.
- 4) The questioned local people agreed that the construction activities will have a strong positive impact from the social perspectives on the local residents.
- 5) No claims from any local population were recorded or alleged regarding the ownership of the land where the construction activities are to take place.

### GRM Process

The Grievance Redress Mechanism is a procedure that aims to facilitate the most satisfactory solution and/or guidance to stakeholders seeking to submit their comments or complaints.

Before the start of the project, local community members will be informed about the GRM via communication channels. For example, they will be informed verbally by their community leader or through social media online. Visible sign boards, hard copies of the GRM brochures, and online platforms will also be made available posting GRM-relevant contact information and an explanation of the grievance process.

The SFD established a central free hotline, and it is functioning properly in addition to the email and WhatsApp application. The digital system with multichannels for receiving complaints, inquiries, feedback or comments like WhatsApp, Facebook, email and complain boxes for each subproject. Additionally, GRM focal points will be assigned at local level and central level to be in charge of handling complaints. The focal point will maintain a log and report on grievance management, which includes minutes of meetings, resolutions and recommendations as part of an annual project progress report. The information for the central office is:

| # | Name            | Job Title          | Phone Number               | E-mail                 |
|---|-----------------|--------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|
| 1 | Husam A. Shaael | GRM Team<br>leader | 07833344263<br>07733344263 | Sfd.grm.iraq@gmail.com |

Meanwhile, in order to comply with the WB requirements, SFD has assigned three staffs as focal points with their cell phone numbers to be disseminated at each subproject level for receiving calls and handling complaints. The contact details will be posted on subproject signboard and the complaint boxes will be installed in each location as shown in the below table.

#### **Contact Information for GRM**

| # | Name                 | Job Title              | Phone       | E-mail                   |
|---|----------------------|------------------------|-------------|--------------------------|
|   |                      |                        | Number      |                          |
| 1 | Ibrahim<br>O.Braeem  | SFD Team<br>leader     | 07504685188 | Ibrahim,braeem@gmail.com |
| 2 | Maryam J.<br>Ramadan | Env. & Soc.<br>officer | 07506844490 | Eng.Suzan.dd@gmail.com   |
| 3 | Azhin S.<br>Hassan   | GRM officer            | 07708092314 | Azhinsaleem80@gmail.com  |

The process of managing complaints will be as follows:

The grievance note should be signed and dated by the aggrieved person. Where the affected person is unable to write, s/he should obtain assistance from the community to write the note and mark the letter with his/her thumbprint.

Individuals who submit their comments or grievances have the right to request that their name be kept confidential, though this may mean that the social officer in charge of the GRM is unable to provide feedback on how the grievance is to be addressed. However, an anonymous complaint can receive a code and should be investigated appropriately and treated courteously.

After receiving the comments and complaints, they will be summarized and listed in a Complaints/Comments Logbooks, containing the name/group of commenter/complainant, date the comment was received, brief description of issue, information on proposed corrective actions to be implemented (if appropriate), and the date of response sent to the commenter/complainant. Complaints should be sorted out according to complexity; Significantly, the GRM classifies feedback in two categories, high-level and standard, each has its own procedure as explained further below.

#### **High-Level Feedback**

Feedback received to be categorized as 'high' level instances will include issues that meet the following criteria:

- Incidents that caused or may potentially cause significant or great harm to the environment, workers, communities, or natural resources, including issues of gender-based violence.
- Incidents which entail failure to implement environmental and social measures with significant impacts or repeated non-compliance with E&S policies.
- Incidents for which failure to address may potentially cause significant impacts that are complex and/or costly to reverse; and
- Incidents that may result in fatality or some level of lasting damage or injury.

This type of feedback will be acknowledged, and an investigation will be launched by the PCU/PMO and any other relevant stakeholders within 24 hours during workdays and within 48 hours if the feedback was received over the weekend. It should be noted that some types of incidents, including accidents and fatalities, need to be reported to the World Bank. This guidance is provided in the Environment & Social Incident Response Procedures.

#### Standard-Level Feedback

If the identity of the aggrieved person is known and the grievance is classified as 'standard', the acknowledgement of grievance will be within 3 working-days and the response will be within 20 working-days (depending on the type of grievance i.e. high or standard). The GRM Social Officer will keep a grievance log and report on grievance management (i.e. minutes of meeting,

recommendations, and resolutions made) as part of annual project progress reports. At the 20 business-day mark, if a complaint/question is still pending, the GRM focal point will provide an update to the aggrieved person and inform them of the reason of delay in resolving their case and provide the date for which a response will be provided.

Aggrieved people who are dissatisfied with the outcome of their complaint can appeal the decision by resubmitting their complaint to the GRM Social Officer within 30 working days of receiving a response to the original submitted grievance. Subsequently, the GRM Social Officer and other relevant personnel have 30 working days to investigate and address the issue. Additionally, the GRM Social Officer has 10 working days to prepare a comprehensive response, including the findings of the investigation and the rationale of the determination. Accordingly, within a maximum of 40 working days, the appeal case should be closed.

Lastly, if the aggrieved person is still not satisfied with the solution provided, s/he has the option to go to court.

Individuals who submit their comments or grievances have the right to request that their name be kept confidential. An anonymous complaint will receive a code and should be investigated appropriately and treated courteously. Ensuring confidentiality when dealing with cases of gender-based violence GBV. In order to mitigate the GBV related issues/ complaints, there will be grievance mechanism sensitive to gender by assigning female GRM officer in case of facing any GBV incidents, in addition, all GRM officers/ focal points must be trained on how to handle SEA/SH related grievances.

In addition to PMO, the MOP, project offices in governorates, and Community Development Groups (CDGs), the World Bank's Grievance Redress System (GRS) can also be approached for reporting and resolving issues.

#### **Disclosure activities**

As soon as the site-specific ESMP gets clearance from the World Bank and approval from the Ministry of planning, the following disclosure procedures will be adapted. A final report, in English and Arabic, will be published on the WB, SFD and Ministry of Planning websites and also will be available locally (such as at local SFD office).

#### INSTITUTIONAL CAPACITY BUILDING

Will there be any capacity building?

[] N or [x]Y

It is recommended to provide safety training and induction sessions for the workers and engineers who will be employed throughout the construction phase. Moreover, there needs to be more training on GRM implementation in order to ensure its proper functioning in the future.

## PART B: SAFEGUARDS SCREENING AND TRIGGERS

| ENVIRONMENTAL /SOCIAL SCREENING FOR SAFEGUARDS TRIGGERS |    |  |                                  |  |  |  |  |  |
|---|----|--|----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
|   |    | Activity / Typology  | Status                           | Triggered Actions  |  |  |  |  |
|   | 1. | Re/construction of compact water unit  | [X] Yes<br>[ ] No                | This subproject is construction of compact water unit and water networks.                                      |  |  |  |  |
| W7:11 41a a   | 2. | Reconstruction of / impacts on surface drainage system                             | [ ] Yes<br>[X] No                | The subproject doesn't have an impact on Surface drainage system   |  |  |  |  |
| Will the site activity                                  | 3. | Activities in Historic building(s) and districts                                   | [ ] Yes<br>[X] No                | The construction activities do not take place anywhere near historic buildings or districts and                |  |  |  |  |
| include/in<br>volve any<br>of the                       | 4. | Required acquisition of land<br>or temporary / permanent<br>impacts on livelihoods | [ ] Yes<br>[X] No                | No land acquisition is required for this subproject as the activities will be constructed on state owned land. |  |  |  |  |
| following?  | 5. | Handling or presence of hazardous or toxic materials                               | [X] Yes<br>[ ] No                | There are toxic or hazardous materials generated by the project.   |  |  |  |  |
|   | 6. | Impacts on forests and/or protected areas  | [ ] Yes<br>[X] No                | There are no forests or protected areas surrounding the subproject area.                                       |  |  |  |  |
|   | 7. | Risk of unexploded ordinance (UXO)   | [ ] Yes<br>[ <mark>X</mark> ] No | An official clearance letter has been provided by authorities (Annex 4).                                       |  |  |  |  |

## PART C: ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL MANAGEMENT PLAN (ESMP) FOR THE SUBPROJECT PHASES

| Recept                      | Impact                     | Mitigation Measures  | Means  | Respons    | sibility   | Estimat                   |  |  |  |  |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------|--|--|------------|--|---------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| or/EH                       | •                          | O Company  | of   | Implement  | Supervis   | ed Cost                   |  |  |  |  |
| S                           |                            |  | Supervis   | ation      | ion  |                           |  |  |  |  |
| Aspect                      |                            |  | ion  |            |  |                           |  |  |  |  |
|                             | Construction Phase         |  |  |            |  |                           |  |  |  |  |
| Air<br>Quality <sup>8</sup> | Dust and exhaust emissions | <ul> <li>Have a maintenance plan for the construction equipment to minimize exhaust emissions.</li> <li>Adopt a policy of switching off machinery and equipment when not in use (idle mode).</li> <li>Spray the soil before and during excavation activities, if necessary, to reduce dust emissions.</li> <li>Store construction materials in pre-identified storage areas. For example, any excavated material must remain in a confined area until disposal from site.</li> <li>Set an appropriate speed limit (typically 10-15 km/h) for the vehicles operating within the site boundaries.</li> <li>Demolition debris, excavated soil and aggregates shall be kept in controlled area and sprayed with water mist to reduce debris dust when necessary</li> <li>There will be no open burning of construction / waste material at the site.</li> <li>Providing some indigenous species of vegetation, which will also reduce dust level.</li> </ul> | Site inspection Review equipment maint enance records. Review the complaints reports | Contractor | Resident Engineer / the assigned E&S specialis ts from PMT | Within contracto r's cost |  |  |  |  |

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<sup>8</sup> https://www.ifc.org/wps/wcm/connect/4e01e089-ad1a-4986-b955-e19e1f305ff0/1-1%2BAir%2BEmissions%2Band%2BAmbient%2BAir%2BQuality.pdf?MOD=AJPERES&CVID=nPtgvbS

| Recept                  | Impact  | Mitigation Measures   | Means   | Respons         | sibility   | Estimat                   |
|-------------------------|---|---|---|-----------------|--|---------------------------|
| or/EH S Aspect          | 1   | 8   | of<br>Supervis<br>ion   | Implement ation | Supervis<br>ion  | ed Cost                   |
|                         |   | Demolition debris, excavated soil and aggregates shall be kept in controlled area and sprayed with water mist to reduce debris dust when necessary     proper stacking of material and avoiding excavation or other activities during high wind periods.  |   |                 |  |                           |
| Noise <sup>9</sup>      | The operation of heavy construction equipment will lead to an increase in ambient noise levels.   | <ul> <li>Switch off any equipment if not in use.</li> <li>Ensure that machinery is in good condition by implementing a maintenance plan.</li> <li>Construction noise will be limited to restricted times agreed to in the permit</li> </ul>   | Site inspection n Review the equipment maintenance records. Review complaints/grievancelog. | Contractor      | Resident Engineer / the assigned E&S specialis ts from PMT | Within contracto r's cost |
| Waste<br>Generat<br>ion | Inappropria te handling of hazardous or non- hazardous waste can lead to soil contaminati on. Also, not removing domestic waste on a periodic | Implement a waste management plan consisting of the following measures.  For solid waste:  Identify waste types and quantities  Allocate a skip/bin to each type of waste  Create a confined area on site to store excavated material, if there is a need to.  Allocate a space on site to store construction debris and scrap material such as | Field investigat ions. Review waste register. Review the complain ts reports.               | Contractor      | Resident Engineer / the assigned E&S specialis ts from PMT | Within contracto r's cost |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> https://www.ifc.org/wps/wcm/connect/4a4db1c5-ee97-43ba-99dd-8b120b22ea32/1-7%2BNoise.pdf?MOD=AJPERES&CVID=nPtgwZY

| Recept | Impact      | Mitigation Measures   | Means    | Respons   | sibility | Estimat |
|--------|-------------|---|----------|-----------|----------|---------|
| or/EH  | F           |   | of       | Implement | Supervis | ed Cost |
| S      |             |   | Supervis | ation     | ion      |         |
| Aspect |             |   | ion      |           |          |         |
|        | basis will  | old pipes, broken doors   |          |           |          |         |
|        | lead to its | and windows.  |          |           |          |         |
|        | accumulatio | • Contract a licensed solid                                     |          |           |          |         |
|        | n and       | waste contractor/scrap  |          |           |          |         |
|        | consequentl | dealer to collect domestic                                      |          |           |          |         |
|        | y to        | waste on a daily basis and                                      |          |           |          |         |
|        | significant | other scrap waste also on                                       |          |           |          |         |
|        | bacterial   | <ul><li>a regular basis.</li><li>The waste management</li></ul> |          |           |          |         |
|        | presence on | areas must be part of the                                       |          |           |          |         |
|        | site.       | construction site and   |          |           |          |         |
|        |             | should not interfere with                                       |          |           |          |         |
|        |             | any activities outside the                                      |          |           |          |         |
|        |             | boundaries of the   |          |           |          |         |
|        |             | subproject.   |          |           |          |         |
|        |             | • Procedures will be put in                                     |          |           |          |         |
|        |             | place for rapid response  |          |           |          |         |
|        |             | to accidental spills of fuels, lubricants and other             |          |           |          |         |
|        |             | toxic or noxious  |          |           |          |         |
|        |             | substances, and for their                                       |          |           |          |         |
|        |             | recovery and appropriate  |          |           |          |         |
|        |             | disposal.   |          |           |          |         |
|        |             | • The excavated soil resulting                                  |          |           |          |         |
|        |             | from the digging will be  |          |           |          |         |
|        |             | used for backfilling and  |          |           |          |         |
|        |             | compacted very well.<br>However, if any surplus                 |          |           |          |         |
|        |             | materials (excavated soil)                                      |          |           |          |         |
|        |             | will remain, there is a   |          |           |          |         |
|        |             | need to coordinate with   |          |           |          |         |
|        |             | the municipal local   |          |           |          |         |
|        |             | authority to properly   |          |           |          |         |
|        |             | dispose of the remaining  |          |           |          |         |
|        |             | material.  For Hazardous waste and                              |          |           |          |         |
|        |             | substances:   |          |           |          |         |
|        |             | • If there will be a diesel tank                                |          |           |          |         |
|        |             | on site, it must be shaded                                      |          |           |          |         |
|        |             | and placed on an  |          |           |          |         |
|        |             | impervious surface such   |          |           |          |         |
|        |             | as concrete.  |          |           |          |         |
|        |             | • Store used oils in barrels                                    |          |           |          |         |
|        |             | until final disposal and  |          |           |          |         |
|        |             | place them on a retention                                       |          |           |          |         |
|        |             | basin.  |          |           |          |         |

| Recept                 | Impact   | Mitigation Measures  | Means                      | Respons    | sibility   | Estimat                   |
|------------------------|--|--|----------------------------|------------|--|---------------------------|
| or/EH                  |  |  | of                         | Implement  | Supervis   | ed Cost                   |
| S<br>Aspect            |  |  | Supervis<br>ion            | ation      | ion  |                           |
|                        |  | <ul> <li>Contract a hazardous waste contractor to collect the hazardous waste and transport it to an authorized facility/dumping site, which will be identified by local authorities.</li> <li>Safe handling using the proper PPEs and safety precautions.</li> <li>Make a register of the quantities that have been disposed of.</li> </ul>   |                            |            |  |                           |
|                        |  | For Liquid waste:  |                            |            |  |                           |
|                        |  | The holding tank connected to the site offices must be emptied on a frequent basis by a licensed waste company.  |                            |            |  |                           |
| Water<br>Pollutio<br>n | Surface water may be polluted by improper waste handling, given that the Euphrates river is only 100 m away. | <ul> <li>The contractor must follow the solid and hazardous waste mitigation measures presented in this ESMP to limit the possibility of water pollution that may result from inappropriate handling of waste.</li> <li>No washing, maintenance or service of vehicles and machinery close to water bodies.</li> <li>The contractor must follow the solid and hazardous waste mitigation measures presented in this ESMP to limit the possibility of water pollution that may result from inappropriate handling of waste.</li> <li>Construction meterial and</li> </ul> | Field<br>investigat<br>ion | contractor | Resident Engineer / the assigned E&S specialis ts from PMT | Within contracto r's cost |
|                        |  | Construction material and<br>stockpiles should be  |                            |            |  |                           |

| Recept | Impact  | Mitigation Measures   | Means          | Respons    | sibility  | Estimat               |
|--------|---|---|----------------|------------|---|-----------------------|
| or/EH  |   |   | of             | Implement  | Supervis  | ed Cost               |
| S      |   |   | Supervis       | ation      | ion   |                       |
| Aspect |   |   | ion            |            |   |                       |
|        |   | covered to avoid run-off to water bodies.   |                |            |   |                       |
|        |   | Wastewater from the     worker rest areas or     construction offices     should be contained in     septic tank and should be     removed regularly from     site by the authorized     wastewater trucks  |                |            |   |                       |
|        |   | • In case of the need to change engine, oils or refuel some construction equipment, a proper maintenance workshop or shelter should be installed to ensure containment of any fuel or oil spills.   |                |            |   |                       |
| Soil   | Contaminati   | • The contractor must   | Field          | Contractor | Resident  | Within                |
|        | on through leakages from equipment, holding tanks or chemical containers improper disposal of solid or hazardous waste. | follow the solid and hazardous waste mitigation measures presented in this ESMP to minimize the possibility of leakages to the soil. Other measures to minimize soil contamination include:  • Adopting strict spill control procedures and developing a spill response and management plan.  • Storing oil and chemical materials in an appropriate location that has a protective base and a lip, such as a concrete slab, to prevent any penetration into the ground.  • Reuse the excavated soil when it deemed | investigat ion |            | Engineer / the assigned E&S specialis ts from PMT | contracto<br>r's cost |

| Recept             | Impact                          | Mitigation Measures  | Means  | Respons                                 | ibility  | Estimat                   |
|--------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|---|--|---------------------------|
| or/EH<br>S         |                                 |  | of<br>Supervis   | Implement ation                         | Supervis<br>ion  | ed Cost                   |
| Aspect             |                                 |  | ion  |   |  |                           |
| Worker<br>s safety | Occupation al health and safety | <ul> <li>Preventing loose material (soil and equipment) from falling or rolling into the excavation by removing this material to a minimum of 0.5 meter from the edge of the excavation</li> <li>Marking excavation with physical boundaries (barriers, tape or fence).</li> <li>Follow the solid and hazardous waste mitigation measures presented in this ESMP to minimize the possibility of leakages to the soil.</li> <li>Restoration of topsoil and damaged areas must take place after construction phase end.</li> <li>Ensure appropriate and safe storage of containments such as fuels, construction materials and wastes.</li> <li>The Contractor shall prepare an Occupational Health and Safety Plan and job hazard instructions during the construction phase.</li> <li>The contractor will also assign a competent person to supervise the plan. Some of the main mitigations measures that must be included in the plan are as follows:</li> <li>Workers should be trained to identify and evaluate fall hazards and be fully aware of how to control exposure to such risks.</li> </ul> | • Contr<br>actual<br>clause<br>s +<br>Field<br>superv<br>ision | Contractor's health and safety officers | Resident Engineer / the assigned E&S specialis ts from PMT | Within contracto r's cost |

| Recept | Impact | Mitigation Measures                              | Means    | Respons   | ibility  | Estimat |
|--------|--------|--|----------|-----------|----------|---------|
| or/EH  | Impact | William Weasures                                 | of       | Implement | Supervis | ed Cost |
| S      |        |  | Supervis | ation     | ion      | 00 000  |
| Aspect |        |  | ion      | ation     | 1011     |         |
| Aspect |        | Workers and site                                 | 1011     |           |          |         |
|        |        |  |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | personnel must always use personal protective    |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | equipment when dealing                           |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | with toxic material.                             |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | Workers must comply                              |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | with OSHA's general rule                         |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | for the safe use of                              |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | ladders.   |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | • To prevent heavy                               |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | construction equipment                           |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | risk, workers should                             |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | follow construction                              |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | safety guidelines designed                       |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | to eliminate the exposure                        |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | to such injuries and                             |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | accidents  |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | Emergency equipment                              |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | (spill-kit, fire                                 |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | extinguishers, etc) must                         |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | always be available on-                          |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | site and functional.                             |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | Initial and periodic                             |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | health checks must be                            |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | provided to the workers.                         |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | The plan must include                            |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | Covid-19 response                                |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | measures.  |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | Workers must be                                  |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | provided with health care                        |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | insurance (that covers                           |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | provision of medical                             |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | support in case of being                         |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | infected by diseases) and                        |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | safety insurance (that covers workers in case of |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | incidents and accidents)                         |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | ,  |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | • Suitable working platforms, with suitable      |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | guard rails and toe                              |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | boards, should be                                |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | provided for work at                             |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | height. Safe means of                            |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | access and egress should                         |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | be provided for the                              |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | working platform.                                |          |           |          |         |

| Recept | Impact | Mitigation Measures                                 | Means    | Respons   | sibility | Estimat |
|--------|--------|---|----------|-----------|----------|---------|
| or/EH  |        | <b>g</b>  | of       | Implement | Supervis | ed Cost |
| S      |        |   | Supervis | ation     | ion      |         |
| Aspect |        |   | ion      | 001011    | 1011     |         |
| 1      |        | Suitable guard-rails and                            |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | toe-boards should be                                |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | installed at edges.                                 |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | Openings should be                                  |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | properly covered where                              |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | persons are liable to fall                          |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | from height, to land                                |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | surfaces or into water.                             |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | Install railing around all                          |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | process tanks and pits.                             |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | Require use of a life line                          |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | and personal flotation                              |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | device (PFD) when                                   |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | workers are inside the                              |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | railing, and ensure rescue buoys and throw bags are |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | readily available;                                  |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | Implement a confined                                |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | spaces entry program that                           |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | is consistent with                                  |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | applicable national                                 |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | requirements and                                    |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | internationally accepted                            |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | standards. 21 Valves to                             |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | process tanks should be                             |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | locked to prevent                                   |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | accidental flooding                                 |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | during maintenance;                                 |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | Use fall protection  advisored when working         |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | equipment when working at heights;                  |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | Maintain work areas to                              |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | minimize slipping and                               |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | tripping hazards;                                   |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | Use proper techniques                               |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | for trenching and                                   |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | shoring;  |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | • Implement fire and                                |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | explosion prevention                                |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | measures in accordance                              |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | with internationally                                |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | accepted standards;                                 |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | • When installing or                                |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | repairing mains adjacent                            |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | to roadways, implement                              |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | procedures and traffic                              |          |           |          |         |

| Recept | Impact | Mitigation Measures                                | Means    | Respons   | ihility  | Estimat |
|--------|--------|--|----------|-----------|----------|---------|
| or/EH  |        |  | of       | Implement | Supervis | ed Cost |
| S      |        |  | Supervis | ation     | ion      |         |
| Aspect |        |  | ion      |           |          |         |
|        |        | controls, such as: o                               |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | Establishment of work                              |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | zones so as to separate                            |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | workers from traffic and                           |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | from equipment as much as possible o Reduction     |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | of allowed vehicle speeds                          |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | in work zones; o Use of                            |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | high-visibility safety                             |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | apparel for workers in the                         |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | vicinity of traffic o For                          |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | night work, provision of                           |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | proper illumination for                            |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | the work space, while                              |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | controlling glare so as not to blind workers and   |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | passing motorists                                  |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | Locate all underground                             |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | utilities before digging.                          |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | Installation of guardrails                         |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | with mid-rails and toe                             |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | boards at the edge of any                          |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | fall hazard area                                   |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | Proper use of ladders and                          |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | scaffolds by trained                               |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | employees.   |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | Use of fall prevention                             |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | devices, including safety                          |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | belt and lanyard travel limiting devices to        |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | prevent access to fall                             |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | hazard area, or fall                               |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | protection devices such                            |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | as full body harnesses                             |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | used in conjunction with                           |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | shock absorbing lanyards                           |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | or self retracting inertial                        |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | fall arrest devices                                |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | attached to fixed anchor point or horizontal life- |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | lines  |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | Appropriate training in                            |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | use, serviceability, and                           |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | integrity of the necessary                         |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | PPE ·  |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | • Inclusion of rescue                              |          |           |          |         |
|        |        | and/or recovery plans,                             |          |           |          |         |

| Recept                               | Impact                            | Mitigation Measures   | Means                                  | Respons    | sibility   | Estimat                   |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|--|------------|--|---------------------------|
| or/EH                                |                                   |   | of                                     | Implement  | Supervis   | ed Cost                   |
| S                                    |                                   |   | Supervis                               | ation      | ion  |                           |
| Aspect                               |                                   |   | ion                                    |            |  |                           |
|                                      |                                   | and equipment to respond to workers after an arrested fall.  Make sure all walking areas and work surfaces are clean, dry, clear of debris, etc.  Keep all gear secure when not in use.  Keep stairs, ladders, doorways, ramps, walkways, and gangways clear.  Safely secure ramps or gangways when loading and offloading.  Wear footwear with slipresistant soles.  Eliminate unusable impounded water, and apply vector control programs  Erect suitable and adequate warning signage along culvert cleaning and excavation sites  Signs and awareness should be installed close to the excavation area to protect road users and community. |  |            |  |                           |
| Local<br>Commu<br>nity <sup>10</sup> | Community<br>health and<br>safety | <ul> <li>Prepare and implement a security plan to prevent public access to the work site, hazardous materials, and waste</li> <li>The contractor must abide by the waste management plan in order not to negatively affect the safety of the surrounding communities.</li> </ul>  | • - Grieva nces log • - Accid ents log | Contractor | Resident Engineer / the assigned E&S specialis ts from PMT | Within contracto r's cost |

 $<sup>\</sup>frac{10}{https://www.ifc.org/wps/wcm/connect/1d19c1ab-3ef8-42d4-bd6b-} \\ \underline{cb79648af3fe/2\%2BOccupational\%2BHealth\%2Band\%2BSafety.pdf?MOD=AJPERES\&CVID=nPtgxyx}$ 

| Recept                 | Impact               | Mitigation Measures   | Means   | Respons                                      | sibility   | Estimat                   |
|------------------------|----------------------|---|---|--|--|---------------------------|
| or/EH S Aspect         |                      |   | of<br>Supervis<br>ion   | Implement ation                              | Supervis<br>ion  | ed Cost                   |
| Local                  | Traffic              | <ul> <li>A grievances mechanism should be provided to ensure effective communication regarding community concerns</li> <li>People with disability and school children should be provided with safe access roads to their schools and commercial areas, particularly, as the project will dig streets. Safe access roads can be provided with lights in order to avoid falls of pedestrians during night.</li> </ul> | • Assid   | Contractor                                   | Resident   | Within                    |
| Commu<br>nity          | safety               | <ul> <li>Safety signs must be installed to notify the community that construction vehicles will be using the roads leading to the water units</li> <li>The contractor must set a speed limit for construction vehicles while they operate outside the site boundaries.</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Accid ents log</li> <li>Com munit y grieva nce mecha nism</li> </ul> | in coordinatio n with the traffic department | Engineer / the assigned E&S specialis ts from PMT          | contracto<br>r's cost     |
| Local<br>Commu<br>nity | Child<br>Labour      | <ul> <li>The ToR of the contractor must prohibit all forms of child labor in the subproject (below 18 years old) and specify the appropriate penalties.</li> <li>The ToR shall also oblige the contractor/subcontractor to keep a copy of IDs of workers in order to monitor their age.</li> </ul>  | • Worke<br>rs<br>attend<br>ance<br>sheets                                     | Contractor                                   | Resident Engineer / the assigned E&S specialis ts from PMT | Within contracto r's cost |
| Local<br>Commu<br>nity | Cultural<br>heritage | Chance find procedures<br>are included in Annex 5 in<br>order to provide guidance<br>in case of finding any<br>cultural heritage objects  | • The chanc e find proce dures are  | Contractor                                   | Resident Engineer / the assigned E&S specialis             | Within contracto r's cost |

| Recept                 | Impact                  | Mitigation Measures  | Means   | Respons    | sibility   | Estimat                   |
|------------------------|-------------------------|--|---|------------|--|---------------------------|
| or/EH                  |                         |  | of  | Implement  | Supervis   | ed Cost                   |
| S                      |                         |  | Supervis  | ation      | ion  |                           |
| Aspect                 |                         |  | ion   |            | _  |                           |
|                        |                         |  | availa  |            | ts from  |                           |
| T 1                    | 75                      |  | ble   | 0          | PMT  | ***** 1 ·                 |
| Local<br>Commu<br>nity | Temporary labour influx | <ul> <li>Prepare a code of conduct that stipulates the different commitments of labour towards community groups. The CoC must be signed by the contractor.</li> <li>All workers should be trained on the Code of Conduct.</li> <li>Apply Penalties to workers who violate the code of conduct</li> <li>Ensure smooth operation of the grievance mechanism and the anonymous channels</li> <li>Raise the local population's awareness about the subproject's commitment towards communities, and the measures taken through public consultation and focus group discussions</li> <li>Conduct initial and periodic health check-ups on workers and provide the necessary care</li> </ul> | Site visit     Mont hly reporting     GRM     Meetings with surrounding communities | Contractor | Resident Engineer / the assigned E&S specialis ts from PMT | Within contracto r's cost |
| Local<br>Commu<br>nity | GBV                     | accordingly  The code of conduct (CoC) must include the prevention of sexual exploitation and sexual harassment at the workplace  CoC needs to consider privacy in setting up the household connections.  Maintain an efficient gender sensitive grievance mechanism for both local community and workers.   | • Mont<br>hly<br>reporti<br>ng<br>• GRM   | Contractor | Resident Engineer / the assigned E&S specialis ts from PMT | Within contracto r's cost |

| Recept | Impact       | Mitigation Measures   | Means    | Respons    | sibility | Estimat   |
|--------|--------------|---|----------|------------|----------|-----------|
| or/EH  |              |   | of       | Implement  | Supervis | ed Cost   |
| S      |              |   | Supervis | ation      | ion      |           |
| Aspect |              |   | ion      |            |          |           |
| 1      |              |   |          |            |          |           |
| Local  | Infrastructu | • Coordinate with the                                       | •        | Contractor | Resident | Within    |
| Commu  | re and       | departments of potable                                      | Revie    |            | Engineer | contracto |
| nity   | undergroun   | water, wastewater,  | W        |            | / PMT    | r's cost  |
|        | d utilities  | electricity, and telecom                                    | infrast  |            |          |           |
|        |              | authorities to obtain                                       | ructur   |            |          |           |
|        |              | maps/ data on   | e        |            |          |           |
|        |              | underground utilities,                                      | accide   |            |          |           |
|        |              | whenever available  | nts      |            |          |           |
|        |              | • In case an underground                                    | report   |            |          |           |
|        |              | utility and infrastructure                                  | S.       |            |          |           |
|        |              | pipe is subjected to  |          |            |          |           |
|        |              | damage by the subproject                                    |          |            |          |           |
|        |              | activities, standard  |          |            |          |           |
|        |              | procedures should be  |          |            |          |           |
|        |              | followed, in addition to                                    |          |            |          |           |
|        |              | preparing a   |          |            |          |           |
|        |              | documentation report for                                    |          |            |          |           |
|        |              | the accident.   |          |            |          |           |
|        |              | • In case of water outage,                                  |          |            |          |           |
|        |              | the community people  |          |            |          |           |
|        |              | should be informed prior to any cut to store water.         |          |            |          |           |
|        |              | -   |          |            |          |           |
|        |              | Maintain an efficient grievance mechanism.                  |          |            |          |           |
|        |              |   |          |            |          |           |
|        |              | • In case an underground utility and infrastructure         |          |            |          |           |
|        |              | pipe has been damaged,                                      |          |            |          |           |
|        |              | standard procedures   |          |            |          |           |
|        |              | should be followed, as                                      |          |            |          |           |
|        |              | described before, in  |          |            |          |           |
|        |              | addition to preparing a                                     |          |            |          |           |
|        |              | documentation report for                                    |          |            |          |           |
|        |              | the accident. The   |          |            |          |           |
|        |              | documentation report  |          |            |          |           |
|        |              | should include:   |          |            |          |           |
|        |              | - Time and place of accident;                               |          |            |          |           |
|        |              | - Name of contractor;                                       |          |            |          |           |
|        |              | - Type of underground                                       |          |            |          |           |
|        |              | utilities and infrastructure                                |          |            |          |           |
|        |              | line;   |          |            |          |           |
|        |              | - Description of accident                                   |          |            |          |           |
|        |              | circumstances and causes;                                   |          |            |          |           |
|        |              | - Actions taken and responses of different parties, such as |          |            |          |           |
|        |              | infrastructure company;                                     |          |            |          |           |

| Recept         | Impact                           | Mitigation Measures   | Means                 | Respons         | ibility  | Estimat                   |
|----------------|----------------------------------|---|-----------------------|-----------------|--|---------------------------|
| or/EH S Aspect | •                                | 8   | of<br>Supervis<br>ion | Implement ation | Supervis<br>ion  | ed Cost                   |
|                |                                  | - Duration of fixing the damage; and - Damage caused (description shall be according to observation, expertise judgment, reports of infrastructure company)  Quick restoration and effective communication with regarding work and restoration schedule   |                       |                 |  |                           |
| Workers        | Managemen t of onsite facilities | <ul> <li>Establish the caravans inside water unit site.</li> <li>Ensure installation of adequate workers facilities for the construction phase; i.e. construct a holding tank to be used to collect domestic wastewater generated by the workers.</li> <li>Follow the waste management best practices and mitigation measures outlines in this ESMP.</li> <li>Monitor closely the working conditions, and impose measures that control transmission of infectious diseases.</li> <li>Maintain an efficient grievance mechanism (discussed in the stakeholder engagement chapter). This GRM should be sensitive to gender and assure confidentiality</li> <li>Specific engagement with women and girls that includes awareness on GBV and access to anonymous channels to report cases.</li> </ul> | • Site inspec tions   | Contractor      | Resident Engineer / the assigned E&S specialis ts from PMT | Within contracto r's cost |

| Recept              | Impact   | Mitigation Measures   | Means   | Respons                       | sibility                           | Estimat            |
|---------------------|--|---|---|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|
| or/EH S Aspect      |  |   | of Supervis ion   | Implement ation               | Supervis<br>ion                    | ed Cost            |
|                     |  | <ul> <li>Train workers on the Code of Conduct and keep close eye on any violation of the COC</li> <li>A list of recommendations, instructions, and restrictions will have to be prepared to minimize the negative ecological and social impact of the workers facilities and the restoration of the site after the construction phase.</li> <li>Provide for appropriate amenities (eating, provision of drinking water, prayer etc).</li> </ul> |   |                               |                                    |                    |
| _                   | on Phase   |   | T   |                               |                                    |                    |
| Air<br>Quality      | Exhaust and Particulate matter emissions from generator(s) Chlorine gas has a temporary negative impact on air quality | <ul> <li>Maintain generators         regularly</li> <li>Using generators in case of         emergency only</li> <li>Ensure appropriate         ventilation at chlorine         storage area</li> <li>Ensure chlorine container         are sealed properly         during storage time</li> </ul>   | Site<br>inspectio<br>n  | The manager of the water unit | Maysan<br>Water<br>Directora<br>te | Operatio<br>n cost |
| Noise <sup>11</sup> | Pumps and generators (used temporary) generate noise levels felt by workers and nearest neighbors                      | <ul> <li>Using rubber padding when applicable to reduce noise and vibration from operating machines</li> <li>Performing regular maintenance and monitor lubrication levels of all compact unit machinery</li> </ul>   | Site visit<br>reports<br>Incidents<br>and<br>accidents<br>reports | The manager of the water unit | Maysan<br>Water<br>Directora<br>te | Operatio<br>n cost |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> https://www.ifc.org/wps/wcm/connect/4e01e089-ad1a-4986-b955-e19e1f305ff0/1-1%2BAir%2BEmissions%2Band%2BAmbient%2BAir%2BQuality.pdf?MOD=AJPERES&CVID=nPtgvbS

| Recept                  | Impact  | Mitigation Measures   | Means   | Respons                       | sibility                           | Estimat        |
|-------------------------|---|---|---|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------|
| or/EH                   |   |   | of  | Implement                     | Supervis                           | ed Cost        |
| S                       |   |   | Supervis  | ation                         | ion                                |                |
| Aspect                  |   | Equipping backup  | ion   |                               |                                    |                |
|                         |   | generators with silencers   |   |                               |                                    |                |
| Waste<br>Generat<br>ion | Inappropria te handling of solid and liquid waste | <ul> <li>Domestic waste must be collected in bins and collected by the municipality.</li> <li>The domestic wastewater will be discharged into a holding tank and then collected by municipal trucks.</li> <li>A waste collector/scrap dealer must be contracted to collect the empty oil cans and chlorine containers.</li> <li>Maintain a waste register</li> <li>Store hazardous waste, such as paint cans and empty chlorine containers in separate skips/waste containers.</li> <li>Minimize the quantity of solids generated by the water treatment process through optimizing coagulation processes;</li> <li>Dispose of sludge (resulting from the removal of suspended solids and dissolved contaminants) by land application if allowed, in coordination with the local authority;</li> <li>Potential impact on soil, groundwater, and surface water, in the context of protection, conservation and long</li> </ul> | Field investigat ions. Review waste register. Review the complain ts reports. | The manager of the water unit | Maysan<br>Water<br>Directora<br>te | Operation cost |

| Recept   | Impact                     | Mitigation Measures                                 | Means           | Respons        | sibility  | Estimat  |
|----------|----------------------------|---|-----------------|----------------|-----------|----------|
| or/EH    | Impact                     |   | of              | Implement      | Supervis  | ed Cost  |
| S        |                            |   | Supervis        | ation          | ion       |          |
| Aspect   |                            |   | ion             |                |           |          |
|          |                            | water and land                                      |                 |                |           |          |
|          |                            | resources, should be                                |                 |                |           |          |
|          |                            | assessed when land is                               |                 |                |           |          |
|          |                            | used as part of any                                 |                 |                |           |          |
|          |                            | waste or wastewater                                 |                 |                |           |          |
|          |                            | treatment system; ·                                 |                 |                |           |          |
|          |                            | •   |                 |                |           |          |
| Water    | Chlorine                   | Chlorine Gas Safety                                 | Field           | The            | Maysan    | Operatio |
| Pollutio | spills or                  | Measures  | investigat      | manager of     | Water     | n cost   |
| n        | inappropriat               | • Chlorine drums must have                          | ions.<br>Review | the water unit | Directora |          |
|          | e handling<br>of solid and | adequate shelving in a                              | waste           | uiiit          | te        |          |
|          | liquid waste               | well-ventilated area that is                        | register.       |                |           |          |
|          |                            | protected from the                                  | Review          |                |           |          |
|          |                            | weather and sun exposure                            | the             |                |           |          |
|          |                            | and ideally located downwind of commonly            | complain        |                |           |          |
|          |                            | used structures and areas.                          | ts<br>reports.  |                |           |          |
|          |                            | • Provision of a proper                             | reports.        |                |           |          |
|          |                            | secondary containment                               |                 |                |           |          |
|          |                            | area or as a spill control                          |                 |                |           |          |
|          |                            | measures.   |                 |                |           |          |
|          |                            | • The drums must be                                 |                 |                |           |          |
|          |                            | properly sealed and kept                            |                 |                |           |          |
|          |                            | away from incompatible and flammable materials.     |                 |                |           |          |
|          |                            | Drums should be                                     |                 |                |           |          |
|          |                            | inspected upon receipt                              |                 |                |           |          |
|          |                            | for structural integrity.                           |                 |                |           |          |
|          |                            | Chlorine detection devices                          |                 |                |           |          |
|          |                            | should be installed inside                          |                 |                |           |          |
|          |                            | the storage room and                                |                 |                |           |          |
|          |                            | chlorine injection room.                            |                 |                |           |          |
|          |                            | • The chlorine injection area and storage room must |                 |                |           |          |
|          |                            | be equipped with a                                  |                 |                |           |          |
|          |                            | ventilator to prevent high                          |                 |                |           |          |
|          |                            | chlorine gas  |                 |                |           |          |
|          |                            | concentrations inside the                           |                 |                |           |          |
|          |                            | room.   |                 |                |           |          |
|          |                            | • Workers who operate the chlorine facility must    |                 |                |           |          |
|          |                            | chlorine facility must always wear a chemical       |                 |                |           |          |
|          |                            | protective mask when                                |                 |                |           |          |

| Recept | Impact | Mitigation Measures  | Means    | Responsibility |          | Estimat |
|--------|--------|--|----------|----------------|----------|---------|
| or/EH  | pwet   | 11210900111200001200   | of       | Implement      | Supervis | ed Cost |
| S      |        |  | Supervis | ation          | ion      |         |
| Aspect |        |  | ion      |                |          |         |
|        |        | handling chlorine to minimize exposure.  |          |                |          |         |
|        |        | • Installation of chlorine showers and maintained to be fully functional in case of spill.   |          |                |          |         |
|        |        | Employees should be adequately trained in hazard awareness, detection and safe handling procedures to minimize potential spills.   |          |                |          |         |
|        |        | Ensure chlorine containers<br>are always sealed properly<br>and secured from<br>tipping/falling/damage/<br>direct sunlight during<br>transportation and<br>storage           |          |                |          |         |
|        |        | No washing, maintenance<br>or service of vehicles and<br>machinery close to water<br>bodies.   |          |                |          |         |
|        |        | • Store hazardous waste, such as paint cans and empty chlorine containers in separate skips/waste containers.  |          |                |          |         |
|        |        | • Store used oils in barrels until final disposal and place them on a retention basin.   |          |                |          |         |
|        |        | Contract a hazardous waste contractor to collect the hazardous waste and transport it to an authorized facility/dumping site, which will be identified by local authorities. |          |                |          |         |
|        |        | <ul> <li>Maintain a waste register</li> <li>In case of the need to change engine, oils or refuel some construction</li> </ul>  |          |                |          |         |

| Recept             | Impact   | Mitigation Measures   | Means  | Responsibility                |                                    | Estimat            |
|--------------------|--|---|--|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|
| or/EH S Aspect     |  |   | of<br>Supervis<br>ion                              | Implement ation               | Supervis<br>ion                    | ed Cost            |
| Поресс             |  | equipment, a proper maintenance workshop or shelter should be installed to ensure containment of any fuel or oil spills.  | 101  |                               |                                    |                    |
| Impacts<br>on soil | Contaminati<br>on caused<br>by possible<br>leakages or<br>spills | Chemicals storage in areas with impervious floor     Ensure liquid material/waste containers are always sealed properly and secured from tipping/falling/damage/direct sunlight during transportation and storage  In case of spillage: avoid inhalation and sources of ignition, cover and mix with sufficient amounts of sand using PPE, collect contaminated sand in clearly marked secure containers/bags | Site visit reports Incidents and accidents reports | The manager of the water unit | Maysan<br>Water<br>Directora<br>te | Operatio<br>n cost |
| Workfo<br>rce      | OHS  | The Component owner will adhere to the following OHS procedures:  • The use of PPE during operating the treatment unit  • Maintain good housekeeping standard  • Maintain site security and safety.  • Provision of adequate firefighting equipment  • Inform all who may be affected by the application of water cleaning of the work arrangements and the   | Site visit reports Incidents and accidents reports | The manager of the water unit | Maysan<br>Water<br>Directora<br>te | Operatio<br>n cost |

| Recept                 | Impact                            | Mitigation Measures   | Means                            | Respons                       | sibility                           | Estimat            |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|
| or/EH                  |                                   |   | of                               | Implement                     | Supervis                           | ed Cost            |
| S                      |                                   |   | Supervis                         | ation                         | ion                                |                    |
| Aspect                 |                                   | and the management of the ba  | ion                              |                               |                                    |                    |
|                        |                                   | safety measures to be taken.  |                                  |                               |                                    |                    |
|                        |                                   | • Limit the workers exposure to particle matter and dust emissions for extended periods by using respirators and shift rotations.   |                                  |                               |                                    |                    |
|                        |                                   | • Strictly adhere to the operational safety guidelines and the instructions on chlorine packages.   |                                  |                               |                                    |                    |
|                        |                                   | Wash hands, face and skin<br>that may be contaminated<br>chemicals with water and<br>soap.  |                                  |                               |                                    |                    |
|                        |                                   | Develop occupational<br>health and safety plan.   |                                  |                               |                                    |                    |
|                        |                                   | Develop emergency plans   |                                  |                               |                                    |                    |
|                        |                                   | Develop COVID-19 risk-based procedures tailored to site conditions and workers characteristics, and based on guidance issued by relevant authorities, both national and international (e.g. WHO). |                                  |                               |                                    |                    |
|                        |                                   | • Training of workers for the management of the system, safety management, and actions in case of an accident should be implemented.  |                                  |                               |                                    |                    |
| Local<br>Commu<br>nity | Community<br>Health and<br>Safety | Emergency response plan<br>should be prepared in<br>case of any water<br>contamination.   | Site visit reports Incidents and | The manager of the water unit | Maysan<br>Water<br>Directora<br>te | Operatio<br>n cost |
|                        |                                   | Maintain an efficient grievance mechanism.  | accidents<br>reports             |                               |                                    |                    |
|                        |                                   | Conduct quarterly community meetings to   |                                  |                               |                                    |                    |

| Recept   | Impact | act Mitigation Measures   |  | Means Responsibility          |                                    |                    |
|--|--------|---|--|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|
| or/EH  | •      | Ü   | of   | Implement                     | Supervis                           | ed Cost            |
| S  |        |   | Supervis   | ation                         | ion                                |                    |
| Aspect   |        |   | ion  |                               |                                    |                    |
|  |        | observe any concerns they may have.   |  |                               |                                    |                    |
|  |        | Conduct quarterly meetings with the concerned authorities to monitor the quality of reducing the impacts of dust.   |  |                               |                                    |                    |
|  |        | That treated water quality<br>must meet the WHO<br>Guidelines (as indicated<br>in the EHS Guidelines)   |  |                               |                                    |                    |
|  |        | The treatment plant will be designed to meet the standards of EHS.  |  |                               |                                    |                    |
|  |        | • Quality control and quality assurance system will be in place, the transmission and distribution network will be properly protected from contamination through maintaining adequate pressures and monitoring system etc.  |  |                               |                                    |                    |
|  |        | Ensure quarterly community meetings will include beneficiary households of new water network.   |  |                               |                                    |                    |
| storage<br>and<br>handlin<br>g of<br>chemica<br>ls and<br>other<br>material<br>s | OHS    | <ul> <li>Install alarm and safety systems, including automatic shutoff valves, that are automatically activated when a chlorine release is detected</li> <li>Install containment and scrubber systems to capture and neutralize chlorine should a leak occur o</li> </ul> | Site visit reports Incidents and accidents reports | The manager of the water unit | Maysan<br>Water<br>Directora<br>te | Operatio<br>n cost |

| Recept | Impact           | Mitigation Measures                      | Means    | Respons   | sibility | Estimat |
|--------|------------------|--|----------|-----------|----------|---------|
| or/EH  | zanp <b>u</b> ct | 1,21018m1011 1,2000 m100                 | of       | Implement | Supervis | ed Cost |
| S      |                  |  | Supervis | ation     | ion      |         |
| Aspect |                  |  | ion      |           |          |         |
|        |                  | • Use corrosion-                         |          |           |          |         |
|        |                  | resistant piping,                        |          |           |          |         |
|        |                  | valves, metering                         |          |           |          |         |
|        |                  | equipment, and any                       |          |           |          |         |
|        |                  | other equipment                          |          |           |          |         |
|        |                  | coming in contact                        |          |           |          |         |
|        |                  | with gaseous or                          |          |           |          |         |
|        |                  | liquid chlorine, and keep this equipment |          |           |          |         |
|        |                  | free from                                |          |           |          |         |
|        |                  | contaminants,                            |          |           |          |         |
|        |                  | including oil and                        |          |           |          |         |
|        |                  | grease                                   |          |           |          |         |
|        |                  | • Store chlorine away                    |          |           |          |         |
|        |                  | from all sources of                      |          |           |          |         |
|        |                  | organic chemicals,                       |          |           |          |         |
|        |                  | and protect from                         |          |           |          |         |
|        |                  | sunlight, moisture,<br>and high          |          |           |          |         |
|        |                  | temperatures                             |          |           |          |         |
|        |                  | <ul> <li>Minimize the amount</li> </ul>  |          |           |          |         |
|        |                  | of chlorination                          |          |           |          |         |
|        |                  | chemicals stored on                      |          |           |          |         |
|        |                  | site while                               |          |           |          |         |
|        |                  | maintaining a                            |          |           |          |         |
|        |                  | sufficient inventory                     |          |           |          |         |
|        |                  | to cover intermittent                    |          |           |          |         |
|        |                  | disruptions in supply;                   |          |           |          |         |
|        |                  | • For systems that use                   |          |           |          |         |
|        |                  | gas chlorination: o                      |          |           |          |         |
|        |                  | Install alarm and safety systems,        |          |           |          |         |
|        |                  | including automatic                      |          |           |          |         |
|        |                  | shutoff valves, that                     |          |           |          |         |
|        |                  | are automatically                        |          |           |          |         |
|        |                  | activated when a                         |          |           |          |         |
|        |                  | chlorine release is                      |          |           |          |         |
|        |                  | detected o Install                       |          |           |          |         |
|        |                  | containment and                          |          |           |          |         |
|        |                  | scrubber systems to capture and          |          |           |          |         |
|        |                  | neutralize chlorine                      |          |           |          |         |
|        |                  | should a leak occur o                    |          |           |          |         |
|        |                  | Use corrosion-                           |          |           |          |         |
|        |                  | resistant piping,                        |          |           |          |         |
|        |                  | valves, metering                         |          |           |          |         |

| Recept | Impact | Mitigation Measures  | Means    | Respons   | sibility | Estimat |
|--------|--------|--|----------|-----------|----------|---------|
| or/EH  |        |  | of       | Implement | Supervis | ed Cost |
| S      |        |  | Supervis | ation     | ion      |         |
| Aspect |        |  | ion      |           |          |         |
|        |        | equipment, and any other equipment coming in contact with gaseous or liquid chlorine, and keep this equipment free from contaminants, including oil and grease o Store chlorine away from all sources of organic chemicals, and protect from sunlight, moisture, and high temperatures |          |           |          |         |

# PART D: MONITORING PLAN/ CONSTRUCTION PHASE

| Receptor<br>/EHS<br>aspect   | Monitoring indicators  | Respon<br>sibility<br>of<br>monitor<br>ing           | Frequenc<br>y of<br>monitori<br>ng                               | Location<br>of<br>monitori<br>ng                 | Methods of monitoring                            | Estimat<br>ed Cost<br>of<br>monitori<br>ng |  |  |
|------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Construction Phase           |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Air<br>Quality <sup>12</sup> | <ul> <li>Number of complaints related to air quality.</li> <li>Compliance with dust</li> </ul> | Resident<br>Enginee<br>r &<br>PMT,<br>contract<br>or | Bi-weekly,<br>or as soon<br>as<br>complaint<br>s are<br>received | - Near excavati on and backfilli ng activitie s. | - Site inspection - Following up with complaints | No<br>additiona<br>l cost                  |  |  |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> https://www.ifc.org/wps/wcm/connect/4e01e089-ad1a-4986-b955-e19e1f305ff0/1-1%2BAir%2BEmissions%2Band%2BAmbient%2BAir%2BQuality.pdf?MOD=AJPERES&CVID=nPtgvbS

| Receptor<br>/EHS<br>aspect   | Monitoring indicators   | Respon<br>sibility<br>of<br>monitor<br>ing           | Frequenc<br>y of<br>monitori<br>ng | Location<br>of<br>monitori<br>ng                 | Methods of monitoring  | Estimat<br>ed Cost<br>of<br>monitori<br>ng |
|------------------------------|---|--|------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Noise &<br>Vibration         | abatement measures - Noise level - Number of  | Resident<br>Enginee                                  | Bi-weekly, or as soon              | On site  | - Site inspection  | No<br>additiona                            |
| 13                           | complaints<br>related to high<br>noise levels.  | r & PMT, contract or                                 | as complaint s are received        |  | - Complaints log   | l cost                                     |
| Solid and<br>Liquid<br>waste | <ul> <li>Waste segregation</li> <li>Storage conditions of hazardous waste and materials;</li> <li>Disposal receipts</li> <li>Condition of the holding tank</li> </ul> | Resident<br>Enginee<br>r &<br>PMT,<br>contract<br>or | Bi-weekly                          | - Waste<br>areas on<br>site<br>- Holding<br>tank | - Site inspection - Checking waste register  | No<br>additiona<br>l cost                  |
| Water<br>Pollution           | - Signs of inappropriate waste disposal (including hazardous waste and materials).  | Resident Enginee r & PMT, contract or                | Monthly                            | Euphrates  | <ul> <li>Visual inspection</li> <li>Documenta tion in H&amp;S monthly reports</li> </ul> | No<br>additiona<br>l cost                  |
| Soil                         | - Signs of<br>spillage of<br>hazardous<br>materials   | Resident Enginee r & PMT, contract or                | Bi-weekly                          | Within site boundarie s                          | - Site inspection - Documenta tion in H&S monthly reports                                | No<br>additiona<br>l cost                  |
| Occupatio<br>nal Health      | - An<br>Occupational<br>Health and  | Resident Enginee r & PMT,                            | Monthly<br>inspection<br>s         | Subprojec<br>t site in<br>general                | Maintaining records of injuries and accidents  | No<br>additiona<br>l cost                  |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> https://www.ifc.org/wps/wcm/connect/4e01e089-ad1a-4986-b955-e19e1f305ff0/1-1%2BAir%2BEmissions%2Band%2BAmbient%2BAir%2BQuality.pdf?MOD=AJPERES&CVID=nPtgvbS

| Receptor<br>/EHS<br>aspect         | Monitoring indicators  | Respon<br>sibility<br>of<br>monitor<br>ing           | Frequenc<br>y of<br>monitori<br>ng | Location<br>of<br>monitori<br>ng | Methods of monitoring   | Estimat<br>ed Cost<br>of<br>monitori<br>ng |
|------------------------------------|--|--|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|--|
| and<br>safety <sup>14</sup>        | Safety Plan is in place  - Availability of a competent supervisor  - Availability of an accident log  - Number of accidents and injuries on site.  - Worker's health checkups  - Total number of trained workers  - Complaints raised by workers | contract   |                                    |                                  | with cause and location  - Maintainin g record recurring health conditions if any |  |
| Communit<br>y health<br>and safety | <ul> <li>Number of accidents and injuries involving local community.</li> <li>Presence of warning signs in and around the site.</li> <li>Complaints raised by locals with regards to community health and safety.</li> </ul>                     | Resident<br>Enginee<br>r &<br>PMT,<br>contract<br>or | Monthly inspection s               | Site<br>boundarie<br>s           | - Site inspection with photo documenta tion - Grievances log                      | No<br>additiona<br>1 cost                  |
| Traffic<br>Safety                  | - Presence of<br>warning signs<br>and speed<br>limits for  | Resident<br>Enginee<br>r &<br>PMT,                   | Daily                              | The access road leading to       | Site inspection with photo documentatio n   | No<br>additiona<br>l cost                  |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> https://www.ifc.org/wps/wcm/connect/1d19c1ab-3ef8-42d4-bd6b-cb79648af3fe/2%2BOccupational%2BHealth%2Band%2BSafety.pdf?MOD=AJPERES&CVID=nPtgxyx

| Receptor<br>/EHS<br>aspect    | Monitoring indicators   | Respon<br>sibility<br>of<br>monitor<br>ing           | Frequenc<br>y of<br>monitori<br>ng | Location<br>of<br>monitori<br>ng | Methods of monitoring                  | Estimat<br>ed Cost<br>of<br>monitori<br>ng |
|-------------------------------|---|--|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|
|                               | construction vehicles.  | contract<br>or                                       |                                    | the water units                  |  | 8  |
| Child<br>labour               | <ul> <li>The ToR of contractor includes a contractual term related to prohibiting child labour.</li> <li>Presence of IDs of workers at the site</li> </ul>  | Resident<br>Enginee<br>r &<br>PMT,<br>contract<br>or | Daily                              | Constructi<br>on site            | Site<br>inspection<br>and desk<br>work | No<br>additiona<br>l cost                  |
| Cultural<br>heritage          | - The chance<br>find procedures<br>are available  | Resident Enginee r & PMT, contract or                | Once                               | Constructi<br>on site            | Desk work                              | No<br>additiona<br>l cost                  |
| Temporar<br>y labor<br>influx | <ul> <li>Appropriate code of conduct is in place (at the site)</li> <li>Number of workers trained on the code of conduct</li> <li>Breaches to the code of conduct and how they are managed</li> <li>Complaints raised by the local community due to labor influx</li> <li>Engagement activities related to code of conduct</li> </ul> | Resident Enginee r & PMT, contract or                | On<br>Monthly<br>basis             | Subprojec<br>t area              | - Grievances log - Site inspection     | No additiona l cost                        |

| Receptor<br>/EHS<br>aspect                          | Monitoring indicators  | Respon<br>sibility<br>of<br>monitor<br>ing           | Frequenc<br>y of<br>monitori<br>ng              | Location<br>of<br>monitori<br>ng | Methods of monitoring                  | Estimat<br>ed Cost<br>of<br>monitori<br>ng |
|---|--|--|---|----------------------------------|--|--|
|   | - Availability of health checkup   |  |   |                                  |  |  |
| GBV   | - The code of conduct includes preventive sexual exploitation and prohibition of harassment - Complaints raised by the local community   | Resident<br>Enginee<br>r &<br>PMT,<br>contract<br>or | Monthly   | Subprojec<br>t site              | - The code of conduct - Grievances log | No<br>additiona<br>l cost                  |
| Infrastruct<br>ure and<br>undergrou<br>nd utilities | - Minutes of coordination meeting - Availability of underground utility maps - Incidents of damaging infrastructure - GRM is available at the site - Complaints raised due to infrastructure and water service damages | Resident Enginee r & PMT, contract or                | As soon as complaint s are received             | Subprojec<br>t site              | - The code of conduct - Grievances log | No<br>additiona<br>l cost                  |
| Resident<br>Engineer<br>& PMT,<br>contractor        | - Caravan location inside the water unit site - Availability of adequate waste management system   | Resident<br>Enginee<br>r &<br>PMT,<br>contract<br>or | As soon<br>as<br>complaint<br>s are<br>received | Subprojec<br>t site              | - The code of conduct - Grievances log | No<br>additiona<br>l cost                  |

| Receptor<br>/EHS<br>aspect   | Monitoring indicators   | Respon<br>sibility<br>of<br>monitor<br>ing | Frequenc<br>y of<br>monitori<br>ng | Location<br>of<br>monitori<br>ng                                      | Methods of monitoring   | Estimat<br>ed Cost<br>of<br>monitori<br>ng |
|------------------------------|---|--|------------------------------------|---|---|--|
|                              | <ul> <li>Monitoring reports of working conditions</li> <li>Engagement activities with women minutes of meetings</li> <li>Training reports, including list of participants of workers received training on the code of conduct</li> <li>Recommendati on and instructions related to the facilities is available at the site</li> </ul> |  |                                    |   |   |  |
| Operation Pl                 |   |  |                                    |   |   |  |
| Air<br>quality <sup>15</sup> | - Generated Emissions - Complaints from residents and workers   | Maysan<br>Water<br>Director<br>ate         | Twice a year                       | - Near<br>the<br>emissio<br>ns<br>sources<br>- Site<br>boundar<br>ies | - Measureme<br>nts and<br>reporting<br>of exhaust<br>emissions<br>- Complaints<br>log | No<br>additiona<br>l cost                  |
| Noise and<br>Vibration       | - Noise and<br>vibration<br>intensity,  | Maysan<br>Water                            | Twice a year                       | - Near<br>the<br>source   | - Measureme<br>nts and<br>reporting   | No<br>additiona<br>l cost                  |

<sup>.</sup> 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> https://www.ifc.org/wps/wcm/connect/4e01e089-ad1a-4986-b955-e19e1f305ff0/1-

<sup>1%2</sup>BAir%2BEmissions%2Band%2BAmbient%2BAir%2BQuality.pdf?MOD=AJPERES&CVID=nPtgvbS

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> https://www.ifc.org/wps/wcm/connect/4e01e089-ad1a-4986-b955-e19e1f305ff0/1-

 $<sup>\</sup>underline{1\%2BAir\%2BEmissions\%2Band\%2BAmbient\%2BAir\%2BQuality.pdf?MOD=AJPERES\&CVID=nPtgvbS$ 

| Receptor<br>/EHS<br>aspect | Monitoring indicators  | Respon<br>sibility<br>of<br>monitor<br>ing | Frequenc<br>y of<br>monitori<br>ng | Location<br>of<br>monitori<br>ng                                | Methods of monitoring  | Estimat<br>ed Cost<br>of<br>monitori<br>ng |
|----------------------------|--|--|------------------------------------|---|--|--|
|                            | exposure durations - Complaints from residents and workers   | Director<br>ate                            |                                    | of vibratio n and noise - Site boundar ies                      | of exhaust<br>emissions<br>- Complaints<br>log   |  |
| Waste generation           | <ul> <li>Status of waste management areas on site.</li> <li>Disposal receipts</li> <li>Cleanliness of the farm.</li> <li>Condition of the holding tank</li> <li>Status of waste resulting from the removal of suspended solids and dissolved contaminants</li> </ul>                   | Maysan<br>Water<br>Director<br>ate         | Twice a year                       | - Waste areas - Holding tank (s)                                | - Site inspection - Review waste register  | No<br>additiona<br>l cost                  |
| Water<br>Pollution         | <ul> <li>Signs of         inappropriate         waste disposal         (including         hazardous         waste and         materials).</li> <li>Drinking Water         quality         indicators</li> <li>Observation of         spillage/leakage         s of Chlorine</li> </ul> | Resident Enginee r & PMT, contract or      | Monthly                            | - Euphrates<br>water<br>intake<br>- Chlorine<br>storage<br>area | <ul> <li>Visual inspection</li> <li>Documenta tion in H&amp;S monthly reports</li> </ul> | No<br>additiona<br>l cost                  |
| Impacts<br>on soil         | Observation of: - spillage/leakag es from hazardous  | Maysan<br>Water<br>Director<br>ate         | Twice a year                       | Subprojec<br>t site   | - Site inspection - H&S reports  | No<br>additional<br>cost                   |

| Receptor<br>/EHS<br>aspect         | Monitoring indicators  | Respon<br>sibility<br>of<br>monitor<br>ing | Frequenc<br>y of<br>monitori<br>ng | Location<br>of<br>monitori<br>ng | Methods of monitoring  | Estimat<br>ed Cost<br>of<br>monitori<br>ng |
|------------------------------------|--|--|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|
| Occupatio<br>nal Health            | material and wastewater - accumulated wastes - piling of hazardous materials - Adherence to PPE, especially  | Maysan<br>Water                            | Twice a year                       | Water<br>units site              | - Maintainin<br>g a record   | No<br>additional                           |
| and<br>Safety <sup>17</sup>        | by workers who clean the water Site safety - Storage of materials  | Director<br>ate                            |                                    |                                  | of toxic exposure/ contact - Checking workers' complaints  | cost                                       |
| Communit<br>y health<br>and safety | <ul> <li>Emergency response plan is in place</li> <li>Complaints raised due to community health aspects</li> <li>Applying monitoring indicators required by WHO</li> </ul> | Maysan<br>Water<br>Director<br>ate         | Twice a year                       | Water<br>units site              | - Site inspection - Maintainin g a record of toxic exposure/contact - Checking residents' complaints | No<br>additional<br>cost                   |

## ANNEXES

# **Annex 1: Consultations Photos**

<sup>17</sup> https://www.ifc.org/wps/wcm/connect/1d19c1ab-3ef8-42d4-bd6b-cb79648af3fe/2%2BOccupational%2BHealth%2Band%2BSafety.pdf?MOD=AJPERES&CVID=nPtgxyx



Annex (2): Sample individual interviews for both men and women in the village

| dul | لصندوق الاجتماعي للتنبية لمحافظة | ستبيان ا |
|-----|----------------------------------|----------|
|-----|----------------------------------|----------|

عزيزتي المواطنة \_ عزيزي المواطن \_

أجويرة وزارة النظيفة المستوى الاجتماعي للتنبية ) مسح مبدلي لفرطن التدفير المجتمعي مع فيناه الفرية حول الإجراءات البينية و الاجتماعية لتني سيتم الفائمة بالمصوص تقلية المضاريع في الفرية ومنون الربما على المجتمع المطمي والهيئة المحيفة والبين الإجابة بمحق وحبائية عن الاستيان الثاني بون الدابة فقار الاسر أو وسيلة الالصال .

|       |            | بابيب | رميانا  | :63:        | ىئىر |
|-------|------------|-------|---------|-------------|------|
| هرياه | الغرية     | Uil.  | الثلبية | 11 6 10     |      |
|       |            | أشلى  | 1       | ۵نگر        |      |
|       |            |       |         | E           |      |
|       | الوربة بيت | ulba  | ن کلب   | ومرقف ومقاط |      |

- ١. هل هذك التعاول أو مطالبات من قبل السكان السطيين بطعية الأرض المقام عليها المشروع!.
  - ونع وكلا وملامقات
- قل ميكون غذك ضرر على التشطات و المصالح اليومية للأهلي يصب الاعدال الانشائية المشروع?.
  - ونم روكلا وملامقك
  - ٣. عل هنك أي بني تحقية ستثائر بسبب الاعمل الاشائية للمشروع ٢.
    - ونم وكلا وملاطك
  - قل هذك اعدة توطين للسفص او لحة الشفاص بسبب اللمة المشروع في الفرية!.
    - ونم وكلا وملاطك
    - هل سوف يتأثر المجتمع المحلي بصورة سقية تتيجة المشاريع المقامة؟.
      - ونم ع کلا و ملطنت
- هل اتصال الشاء او اعدة تلفيل النشروع متؤثر بشكل مثبي على المجامع الانظر شخا والانظر هشاشة (النساء والمعالين) ?.
  - ولم وكلا وملطات
- ٧. هل تقوقع ازالة معاصيل زراعية او المنجار او اية لمطاء نباشي تعود عانديته لمواطقين بي سكان مطيين بسبب الاعمال الانتسانية المشاروع.
  - ونم ع كلا وملطات
  - ٨. هَلْ سَوِيْرُ السَّرُوعَ فِي الثَّاقَةُ السَّقْيَةِ (اسْتَنْهِ قَوْمِ مُواطِنِينَ مِن مَنْطَقُ لقرى في الرَّيةُ بِسَبِ السَّنْزِيعِ التي سَقَلَةِ)؟
    - ے لم وکلا و ملاحظات
- بن تخط ان عملية تشاء أو اعادة تأمين المشروع لها التر ليجلية من الناعية الاجتماعية بلنسية السكان التعطين في المناطق الفريمة من المشروع إلى
  - علم وكلا وعلامطك

شكراً على ولتكم ....

استبيان الصندوق الاجتماعي للتنمية لمحافظة الريا

عزيزني الدواطئة\_عزيزي الدواطئ... ثجري( وزارة التنطيق! الصلعوق الاجتماعي لتتنبية ) مسح ميناني نفرض النشاور المجتمعي مع إيناء القرية حون الإجراءات البينية والاجتماعية قتى سيتم انخذها بخصوص تنفيذ فمشريع في القريبة ومدى الترها على المجتمع المحلي والبيدا المحيطة راجون الإجابة بصدق وحيادية عن الاستيان التلي نون الحاجة فكم الاسم أو وسيئة الاتصالي.

|       |          |        | ناعك    | دوع:              |     |
|-------|----------|--------|---------|-------------------|-----|
| 012-A | القرية   | بارزن  | الثلمية | 1000              | øl  |
|       | 53       | أنثى   | D       | JE 32.            | ·   |
|       |          |        |         | in                | 1,5 |
|       | 0 رية يت | و ظالب | ن کلی   | العاموظف والمقاعد | 1   |

- فل هذك ادعادات او مطالبات من قبل السكان المطبين بطنية الارض المكام عليها المشروع؟.
  - ونم وكلا وملاحظات
- إلى موكون هذاك ضرر على التشاطات و المصالح اليومية للأهالي بسبب الاعمال الانشائية المشروع؟.
  - ونع عكل وملطات
  - ٣. هل هناك اي بني تحقية ستثاثر يسبب الاعمال الاشتبة للمشروع ٢.
    - ونم حكلا وملاحظات
  - هل هناك اعادة توطين تشخص أو لحدة اشخاص بسبب الأمة المشروع في القرية؟.
    - ونم وكلا وملاطات
    - هل سوف يتثار المجتمع المحلي بصورة مذبية تتيجة المشاريع الملتمة؟.
      - ونم وكلا وملاطات
- هل اصل انشاه او اعدة تاهيل المشروع ستوثر بشكل ملين على المجاميع الانفر ضعاة والانفر هشاشة (النساء والمعالين) ؟.
  - وتعم الوكلا وملاحقات
- لا. هل تتوقع ازائة محاصيل زراعية أو اشجار أو أية غطاء تبائي تنود علنيته أمواطنين أو سكان مطبين يسبب الاعمال الانشافية للمشروع?.
  - ونم 0 کلا و ملاحظات
  - ﴿ فَلَ سَوَاتُو الْمَشْرُوعَ فَي الكَتَّافَةُ السَكَانَيةُ وَالْمَكَانِيةُ قُومِ مُواطنينَ مِن مَنْطُقُ القرق في القرية يسبب المشاريع فتي ستنفذ؟؟
    - رونم ∪كلا ∪ملاحظة
- من تخلف أن عشية أنشاء أو اعدة تأهل المشروع لها اللو فيجليية من الناهية الاجتماعية بالنسبة للسكال الفاطنين في المشاطق القريبة من المشروع!.
  - ونم وكلا وملاطك

شكراً على ولقتكم ....

| 1/4 | للتعبة لمحافظة | الإجتماعي | المندوق | ستبيان |
|-----|----------------|-----------|---------|--------|
|     |                | W         | Park.   |        |

عزيزش المواطنة... عزيزي المواطن...

تُعِري( وزارة النَّطِط) المشوق الإجتماع التمية ) سع ميدتي تغرض التشاور المجتمعي مع أبناء القرية هول الإهراءات البنية والاجتماعية التي سبتم التذاها بغصوص تنفيذ المشاريع في الغربية ومدن اللرها على المجتمع المطي والبيلة المحيطة، راجين الإجابة يصنق وحيادية عن الاستبيان النالي دون الحلجة تشكر الاصم أو وسيلة الاتصال.

|         |         | dela   | ا ماسي م | EP 10 : ES | سم المش         |
|---------|---------|--------|----------|------------|-----------------|
| रिश्हेर | القرية  |        | لننوة    | , so       | الشاء<br>الإشن: |
|         | ر با عث | 0 طلاب | و کلب    | ف          | سر:<br>مهنة     |

- إ. إلى هذك ادعادات أو مطالبات من قبل المكان المحلبين بعندية الأرض المقدم عنيها المشروع!.
- ٢. ﴿ مَا سِبُونَ هَاكَ ضَرِر عَلَى الشَّمَاكَ وَ المصلَّحَ اليَّوْمِيةَ لِلْأَمْلِي سِبِ الأَعْمَالُ الأَشْلَيةُ لَلشَّروعَارُ
  - ونم وملطك
  - قل هذاك أي بني تحقية ستتقر بسبب الاعسال الانشائية المشروع ال.
    - وملاطك Xp الم
  - في هذك اعادة توطين لشخص او ثعاة اشخاص بسبب النامة المشروع في القرية؟.
    - ونم وكلا
    - إلى موق يتأثر المجتمع المحلي بصورة مشية تتيجة المشاريع المقامة؟.
      - و ملاحظات MS D
- إلى اعمال انشاء أو اعادة تاهيل المشروع منوثر بشكل سلبي على المجامع الانثر ضطا والانشر فششة (النساء والمعاقين) ?.
- ٧. هن تتوفع ژلة معاصيل زراعية أو الشجار أو اية غطاء نبائي تعود علديته لمواطنين أو سكان معلين بسبب الاصال الاشاشة للشروع!.
  - ن ملاحظات
  - إلى معوثر المشروع في الكافة المكتبة (امكتبة قوم مواشين من مناطق اخرى الى القرية بسبب المشارع التي ستظام
    - وملطك qin
- إ. هل تخذ ان عملية أنشاء او اعدة تأهل المشروع لها التر ايجنبية من الناهية الاجتماعية بالنسبة السكان القطنين في المشاطق القريبة من المشروع".
  - ومالعظات XS D

شكراً على وقتكم ....

#### استبيان الصندرق الاجتماعي للشبية لمحافظة أرسن

عزيزتي المواطنة... عزيزي المواطن...

تُعِري( وزارة النظيط / المنتوق الاجتماعي للتعية ) سبع عبداني لغرض التفاور المجتمعي مع أبناء القرية حول الإجراءات البيئية والاجتماعية الشي سيتم اتخذها يخصوص تثليذ المشاريع في القرية ومدن الثرها على المجتمع المطي والبيلة المحيطة، راجين الإجابة بصنق وحيادية عن الاستبيان الثلي دون الحاجة للكر الاسم أو وسيلة الاتصال.

|            |          | شد               | ا نا ہے ۲     | ip n   | أسم المشروع :                |
|------------|----------|------------------|---------------|--------|------------------------------|
| نائ يو كور | الارية   | ر<br>الاک<br>الا | التحوة<br>أ a | ****** | الفضاء                       |
|            | ٥ ربة يت | و ملاب           | ن کاسب        |        | السر: <u>ه</u><br>المهنة حوس |

- ١. ﴿ فَلَ قَلْكُ لُدُعِادِكَ أَوْ مَطَلَّيْكَ مِنْ قَبْلُ السَّكَانُ المحلِّينِ يَعَلِّدِيةً الْأَرْضُ المقلم عليها المشروع!!
  - وملطك
- قل مبكون هذك ضرر على التشاطات و المصالح اليومية للأهلى بسبب الاعمال الانشائية للمشروع!
  - وملاطك
  - ٢. عل هنك أن يني تحية سنتاثر بسبب الاصل الاشائية للمشروع ٢.
  - في على هناك اعادة توطين لشخص أو لحدة اشخاص بسبب أذابة المشروع في الترية؟.
    - وملطك ولمر
      - XXD.
    - هل سوف يتأثر المجتمع المطى بصورة سليبة نتيجة المشاريع المقامة؟.
- ٢. هل اعدل الشاء أو اعادة تاهل المشروع منوائر بشكل منهي على المجاميع الانائر ضعا والانائر هشاشة والنساء والمعلقين) ٢.
  - 35 D
- ٧. هل تتوقع از الله محاصيل زراعية أو الشجار أو أية غطاه نبائي تنود عائديته نمواعلين أو سكان محليين بسبب الاعمال الإنشائية الشريع).
  - رر ملاحظات
  - أ. قال سيزائر المشروع في الكثافة المكاتبة والكاتبة قدوم مواطنين من ملطق اخرى الي القرية بعجب المشاريع التي معتنفاع؟
- إلى تحك ان عملية قشاء أو اعادة تأهل المشروع لها التر ايجابية من التلحية الاجتماعية بالنسبة السكان القاطنين في المشاطق

وبالطك

# ANNEX (3): IRAQI STANDARDS FOR AIR, NOISE, and Water

# **Ambient Air Quality Guidelines**

| Dellestant              | Iraqi Standards             |              | WHO Standards         |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------|-----------------------|
| Pollutant               | Concentration               | Average Time | Concentration         |
| СО                      | 10 ppm                      | 8 hours      | N/A                   |
|                         | 35 ppm                      | 1 hour       | N/A                   |
|                         | 0.1 ppm                     | 1 hour       | 500 μg/m³             |
| SO <sub>2</sub>         | 0.04 ppm                    | 24 hours     | 20 μg/m³              |
|                         | 0.018 ppm                   | 1 year       | N/A                   |
| NO <sub>2</sub>         | 0.05 ppm                    | 24 hours     | 200 μg/m <sup>3</sup> |
| INO <sub>2</sub>        | 0.04 ppm                    | 1 year       | 40 μg/m³              |
| Ozone (O <sub>3</sub> ) | 0.06 ppm                    | 1 hour       | 100 μg/m³             |
| PM <sub>10</sub>        | 150 μg/m³                   | 24 hours     | 50 μg/m³              |
| PM <sub>2.5</sub>       | 65 μg/m³                    | 24 hours     | 50 μg/m³              |
| F1V12.5                 | 15 μg/m³                    | 1 year       | 15 μg/m³              |
| Total Suspended         | 350 μg/m³                   | 24 hours     | N/A                   |
| Particles               | 150 μg/m³                   | 1 year       | N/A                   |
|                         | 10 t/Km²/month              | 30 days      | N/A                   |
| Falling Dust            | (Residential Zone)          |              |                       |
| Talling Dust            | 20 t/Km <sup>2</sup> /month | 30 days      | N/A                   |
|                         | (Industrial Zone)           |              |                       |
| Hydrocarbons            | 0.24 ppm                    | 3 hours      | N/A                   |
|                         | 2 μg/m <sup>3</sup>         | 24 hours     | N/A                   |
| Pb                      | 1.5 μg/m <sup>3</sup>       | 3 months     | N/A                   |
|                         | 1 μg/m <sup>3</sup>         | 1 year       | N/A                   |
| Benzene                 | 0.003 μg/m <sup>3</sup>     | 1 year       | N/A                   |
| Dioxin                  | 0.6 pico g/m <sup>3</sup>   | 1 year       | N/A                   |

## Noise:

Law no. 41 of the year 2015: Noise Protection and Control / Noise Limits for Different Working Zones

| Туре        | Allowable (dB) |
|-------------|----------------|
| Industrial  | 70             |
| Commercial  | 70             |
| Residential | 55             |

## Water:

The table below shows the limits defined for discharges to both natural waters (water resources) and sewers (which generally have higher permissible discharge limits).

| Pollutant                                  | Limits for discharge to water resources  | Limits for discharge to public sewers |
|--|--|---------------------------------------|
| Color                                      | -  | -                                     |
| Temperature                                | Less than 35°C   | 45°C                                  |
| Suspended solids                           | 60   | 750                                   |
| рН   | 6 – 9.5  | 6 – 9.5                               |
| Dissolved Oxygen (DO)                      | -  | -                                     |
| Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD)            | Less than 40   | 1,000                                 |
| Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)               | Less than 100  | -                                     |
| Cyanide (CN <sup>-</sup> )                 | 0.05   | 0.5                                   |
| Fluoride (F <sup>-</sup> )                 | 5.0  | 10                                    |
| Free Chlorine (Cl <sub>2</sub> )           | Traces   | 100                                   |
| Chloride (Cl <sup>-</sup> )                | to the amount of source water is 1000:1 or less, the chloride concentration of the discharge is permitted at 1% of the concentration of the natural source before discharge.  B. If the ratio of the amount of water discharged to the amount of source water is more than 1000:1 the wastewater discharge must not exceed a chloride concentration of greater than 600 mg/L.  C. If the concentration of chloride in the source water is less than 200 mg/L then the permitted discharge limit must be established on a case by case basis  | 600                                   |
| Phenol                                     | 0.01 – 0.05  | 5 – 10                                |
| Sulfate (SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup> )   | <ul> <li>A. If the ratio of the amount of water discharged to the amount of source water is 1000:1 or less, the sulfate concentration of the discharge is permitted at 1% of the concentration of the natural source before discharge.</li> <li>B. If the ratio of the amount of water discharged to the amount of source water is more than 1000:1 the wastewater discharge must not exceed a sulfate concentration of greater than 400 mg/L.</li> <li>C. If the concentration of sulfate in the source water is less than 200 mg/L then the permitted discharge limit must be established on a case by case basis</li> </ul> | 300                                   |
| Nitrate (NO <sub>3</sub> -)                | 50   | -                                     |
| Phosphate (PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup> ) | 3  | -                                     |
| Ammonium (NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup> )   | -  | _                                     |
| ( /  |  |                                       |

| Pollutant                           | Limits for discharge to water resources  | Limits for discharge to public sewers |
|-------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|
| Lead (Pb)                           | 0.1  | 0.1                                   |
| Arsenic (As)                        | 0.05   | 0.05                                  |
| Cupper (Cu)                         | 0.2  | -                                     |
| Nickel (Ni)                         | 0.2  | 0.1                                   |
| Selenium (Se)                       | 0.05   | -                                     |
| Mercury (Hg)                        | 0.005  | 0.001                                 |
| Cadmium                             | 0.01   | 0.1                                   |
| Zinc (Zn)                           | 2.0  | 0.1                                   |
| Chromium (Cr)                       | 0.1  | 0.1                                   |
| Aluminum (Al)                       | 5.0  | 20                                    |
| Barium (Ba)                         | 4.0  | 0.1                                   |
| Boron (B)                           | 1.0  | 1.0                                   |
| Cobalt (Co)                         | 0.5  | 0.5                                   |
| Iron (Fe)                           | 2.0  | 15                                    |
| Manganese (Mn)                      | 0.5  | -                                     |
| Silver (Ag)                         | 0.05   | 0.1                                   |
| Total Hydrocarbons &<br>Derivatives | sources and A1 and A2 according to the concentrations and limitations set forth in the tables below; the concentration of hydrocarbons must be measured discharging to the water source. Hydrocarbons shall not be discharged to water sources A3 and A4. For rivers in continuous flow 10 mg/l according to the ratio of the amount of wastewater discharged to the amount of the water source should not be less than 1000:1. For a river in a continuous flow 3 mg/L and in accordance with the ratio of the amount of the wastewater discharged to the amount of water source should not be 300:1 or less. | -                                     |
| Sulfide (S <sup>2-</sup> )          | Nil  | 3.0                                   |
| Ammonia (NH₃)                       | Nil  | 10                                    |
| Ammonia gas (free NH₃)              | Nil  | 6.0                                   |
| Sulfur dioxide SO <sub>2</sub>      | Nil  | 7.0                                   |
| Calcium Carbide CaC                 | Nil  | Not allowed                           |
| Organic solvents                    | Nil  | Not allowed                           |
| Benzene                             | Nil  | 0.5                                   |
| Chlorobenzene                       | Nil  | 0.1                                   |
| TNT                                 | Nil  | 0.5                                   |
| Bromine (Br <sub>2</sub> )          | Nil  | 1-3                                   |

# Annex (4): Contractor's Responsibilities (Arabic) مسئوليات المقاول

يجب على مقاول الإنشاء الالتزام بالإجراءات التالية:

#### جودة الهواء

- -الترطيب المنتظم للطرق بالماء لمنع الغبار
- -التحكم في نواتج الحفر والتسوية للحد من إنتشار الغبار.
- -أي مواد بناء قابلة للتطاير (أسمنت جاف وخلافه) يتم تخزينها في أكياس محكمة الغلق وتغطيتها لمنع تولد الغبار.
- -الاحتفاظ بالمازوت والزيوت والطلاء والمواد الكيميائية الأخرى المستخدمة في الموقع بأقل كميات ممكنة وتخزينها في حاويات محكمة الغلق للحد من الأبخرة ؛
  - لا يتم تشغيل محركات المركبات والآلات الأخرى إلا عند الضرورة لتجنب الانبعاثات غير الضرورية ؛
- -يتم الحفاظ على جميع المعدات والآلات والمركبات المستخدمة في الموقع في حالة عمل جيدة في جميع الأوقات لضمان الحد الأدنى من استهلاك الوقود وعوادم الدخان. ينطبق هذا على الحافلات المستخدمة لنقل العمال من وإلى الموقع.
  - -منع الحرق المكششوف للمخلفات.
- -يتم تغطية الشاحنة الناقلة لمواد/مخلفات البناء أو المواد المتربة الأخرى وذلك بعد التأكد من الاحتفاظ بمسافة ٠.٣ متر تحت الحافة العلوبة لجدران الشاحنة ، بالقماش المشمع للتحكم في الغبار ؛
  - -تغطية درم الحفر المخزن بصفة مؤقتة في الموقع بالمواد المناسبة ، مثل البولي إيثيلين أو ألواح النسيج لتجنب تشتت التربة.
- -تحديد سرعة قصوى للمركبات والمعدات التابعة للمشروع بحيث ألا تتجاوز السرعة القصوى داخل حدود الموقع عن ١٠-١٥ كم/ساعة.
  - -توفير خط ساخن لتلقي الشكاوي ٢/٢٤

#### <u>الضوضاء</u>

- -تطبيق جدول زمني مناسب لتجنب أي أعمال قد تسبب ضوضاء واهتزازات خلال الفترة من ١٠ مساءا إلى ٦ صباحا.
- -إقتصار تشغيل المعدات المستخدمة في أعمال البناء على أوقات محدودة خلال النهار حيث أنها ليست آمنة للعمل أثناء الليل. سيؤدي ذلك إلى تقليل اضطراب الضوضاء إلى حد كبير للمجتمعات القريبة من مواقع العمل ؛
- -تقييد استخدام الآلات التي تصدر ضوضاء بالقرب من المستقبلات الحساسة ، واستخدام وسائل الحد من الضوضاء لآلات البناء ، إذا لزم الأمر ؛
  - -استخدام المركبات والمعدات المطابقة للمعايير الوطنية للضوضاء والاهتزاز ؟
- -أثناء العمل ، يجب إغلاق أغطية المحرك للمولدات وضواغط الهواء وغيرها من المعدات الميكانيكية التي تعمل بالطاقة ، ووضع المعدات بعيدًا عن المناطق السكنية قدر الإمكان ؟
  - -يجب توفير أغطية للأذنين / معدات حماية السمع لجميع العمال
  - لا يتم تشغيل محركات المركبات والآلات الأخرى إلا عند الضرورة للتحكم في الضوضاء الناتجة ؛
    - -تطبيق نظام الشكاوي لتلقى الشكاوي المتعلقة بالضوضاء.

### إدارة المخلفات الصلبة والخطرة

#### التقليل من المخلفات:

-شراء المواد بالكمية الدقيقة المطلوبة ، لتقليل الاستخدامات المتبقية غير المستخدمة.

-تقليل تولد النفايات في الموقع.

-وضع خطة إدارة بسيطة للنفايات.

-يجب جمع النفايات العامة ونقلها إلى المكان المخصص لذلك من قبل البلدية.

-يجب جمع نفايات الطعام ، حيثما أمكن ، مع مراعاة النظافة الشخصية ، للتخلص منها خارج الموقع من خلال مقاولين مرخصين. -يجب وضع حاويات لتجميع النفايات في كل موقع عمل.

-يجب جمع النفايات الكيميائية في براميل (أو حاويات محكومة مماثلة) ، معنونة بشكل مناسب ، وم ثم يتم إرجاعها إلى المورد أو نقلها بأمان إلى المكان المخصص من قبل البلدية. يحتوي مكب النفايات هذا على مكان مخصص لاستقبال النفايات الخطرة والطبية على حد سواء ، ويجب إجراء عمليات التخزين والنقل والتعامل مع جميع المواد الكيميائية وفقًا لجميع المتطلبات التشريعية ، من خلال المقاولين المرخصين وبالتنسيق مع البلدية.

-يجب تخزين جميع النفايات الخطرة بشكل ملائم في مناطق محدودة وبجب تحديدها بوضوح على أنها "خطرة".

-يجب أن يتم نقل النفايات الخطرة والتخلص منها من خلال مقاولين مرخصين وبالتنسيق الوثيق مع البلدية ذات الصلة ووفقًا للمتطلبات والتعليمات القانونية.

-يجب إدارة السوائل الخطرة ، مثل المذيبات وعوامل مقاومة الصدأ طبقاً لمتطلبات التشريعات ذات الصلة.

-يجب إعداد جرد للمواد الخطرة لفترة البناء.

-يجب توفير أصحيفة بيانات سلامة المواد (MSDS) للمواد الخطرة في الموقع أثناء البناء وإتاحتها وشرحها للعمال.

-يجب جمع نفايات المواد الهيدروكربونية ، بما في ذلك زيوت التشحيم ، للنقل الآمن خارج الموقع لإعادة استخدامها أو إعادة تدويرها أو نقلها أو التخلص منها في مكب معين من قبل البلدية.

## إعادة استخدام النفايات وإعادة التدوير

-كلما أمكن ، سيعيد المقاول استخدام المواد القابلة للتدوير وإعادة تدويرها.

-يتم إعادة تدوير المخلفات التالية: الورق المقوى ، والمعادن ، وخردة المعادن مثل علب المشروبات الغازية ، وزيت مستهلك ، والورق ، والبلاستيك ، والخرسانة النظيفة ، وكذلك الغطاء النباتي المنزوع .

## حفظ السجلات

-سيتم الاحتفاظ بكافة سجلات إزالة النفايات والإبلاغ عنها كما هو مطلوب في تقرير الأداء البيئي الشهري ؟

-السجلات التي سيتم الاحتفاظ بها تشمل: إيصالات وفواتير من مقاول نقل النفايات ومنشأة استلام النفايات

-يتم الاحتفاظ بالسجلات السالفة الذكر في سجل النفايات ، الذي يسجل تواريخ الجمع ونوع النفايات والكميات وشركة نقل النفايات والوجهة وتوقيع الشخص المفوض

### تخزبن النفايات ومعالجتها

- -سيتم تخزين النفايات في حاويات أو صناديق. لن يتم تخزينها مباشرة على أرض غير مبطنة ؟
- -سيتم تخزين نفايات إعادة التدوير في مناطق أو حاوبات منفصلة ، ولن يتم خلطها مع أنواع النفايات الأخرى ؟
  - -يجب تخزين جميع النفايات الخطرة بشكل ملائم في المناطق المحصورة وتحديدها بوضوح على أنها "خطرة"
- -معالجة النفايات وإدارتها بشكل صحيح من خلال فصل النفايات الصلبة عن النفايات الخطرة وعدم مزجها في مكب النفايات ؟
- -سيتم جدولة إزالة النفايات من الموقع ، بحيث يكون لديك دائمًا سلة للنفايات متاحة للإستخدام في الموقع ، وللتأكد من عدم الملئ الكامل للنفايات/الحاوبات ؛
- -أي مناطق تخزين نفايات مؤقتة (غير متضمنة في صناديق أو حاويات) سيتم تغطيتها و / أو إحاطتها بسياج شبكي لمنع هبوب الرياح منها إلى الموقع ؛ و
- -يتم تخزين النفايات السائلة ، بما في ذلك نفايات الزيوت والمواد الكيميائية السائلة ، في براميل / حاويات محكمة الإغلاق على سطح خرساني.

#### التخلص من النفايات

- يجب أن يتم نقل النفايات الخطرة والتخلص منها من خلال المقاولين المرخص لهم وبالتنسيق الوثيق مع البلدية المختصة بذلك.

-يجب جمع النفايات العامة ونقلها إلى المكب المعين من قبل البلدية.

### جودة التربة

- -وضع علامات لتحديد مكان الحفر عن طريق سور ولاصقات وعلامات ارشادية.
  - -إتباع الأساليب السليمة للحد من الانسكابات/التسريات؛
  - -التداول والإدارة السليمة للمخلفات ومواد البناء والمواد الخطرة.
  - -يتم تخزين النفايات داخل صناديق أو حاويات، وليس على الأرض مباشرة؛
    - -عدم دفن و / أو حرق النفايات المنزلية في موقع المشروع.
- -التخزين المؤقت للنفايات الصلبة عن طريق الاحتواء المناسب لتجنب انتشار النفايات والرائحة وتجنب الغبار؛ احتواء ثانوي لمنع التسرب.
- -ضمان أن تكون حاويات المواد السائلة الخطرة / حاويات النفايات محكمة الإغلاق بشكل صحيح دائمًا ومؤمنة من الانقلاب / السقوط / التلف / أشعة الشمس المباشرة أثناء النقل والتخزين؛
  - -تخزين المواد الكيميائية، مثل الزيوت ومضادات التآكل بكميات قليلة بالموقع.
  - -تحفظ جميع أنواع الوقود والمواد الكيميائية السائلة في أوعية أو براميل أو خزانات محكمة الإغلاق وفوق سطح الارض.
    - -يجب إجراء الصيانة والإصلاح الروتيني للمعدات / المركبات المتنقلة في ورشة عمل.
- -يتم الاحتفاظ بمجموعات التنظيف الخاصة بالانسكابات بالقرب من المناطق المستخدمة لتخزين الوقود أو المواد الكيميائية السائلة وسيتلقى الموظفون تدريباً على استخدام أدوات تنظيف الانسكابات؛
  - -تخزين الزيت ومواد الطلاء في مكان مناسب له قاعدة واقية، مثل بلاطة خرسانية، لمنع أي تغلغل في الأرض؛

-التأكد من وجود البراميل والحاويات المستخدمة في تخزين الوقود أو المواد الكيميائية السائلة (بما في ذلك الزيوت المستعملة والدهانات) في حالة جيدة وخالية من الصدأ أو التلف؛

-تنظيف موقع البناء من المخلفات الصلبة قبل إغلاقه.

-تخصيص مناطق معينة لتخزين مخلفات التربة ومخلفات البناء.

-يجب أن يتم ترميم التربة السطحية والمناطق المتضررة بعد انتهاء مرحلة البناء.

#### جودة المياه

- يجب تنفيذ أعمال الأرض (إزالة الغطاء النباتي، والحفر، والتسوية) خلال فترات الطقس الجاف.
  - يجب أن يتم تخزين التربة على مسافة آمنة بعيداً عن المجاري المائية.
- يتم تخزين النفايات داخل صناديق أو حاويات ، وليس على الأرض مباشرة لمنع التسرب ؟
- عدم إلقاء / التخلص من النفايات الصلبة (غير الخطرة أو الخطرة) ومياه الصرف في المسطحات المائية أو بالقرب منها.
  - التنظيف الجيد لتقليل الانسكابات / التسريبات.
- الاستجابة السريعة للانسكابات العرضية للوقود ومواد التشحيم والمواد السامة أو الضارة الأخرى ، واستعادتها والتخلص منها بشكل مناسب (يجب على المقاول إعداد خطة استجابة للطوارئ).
  - عدم غسل أو صيانة المركبات والآلات بالقرب من المسطحات المائية.

#### المياه الحوفية:

-سيتم تخزين النفايات داخل حاويات أو حاويات نفايات ، وليس مباشرة على الأرض لمنع التسرب ؟

-يجب إجراء الصيانة والإصلاح الروتينية للمعدات / المركبات المتنقلة في ورشة ؛

- إجراء الصيانة والتفتيش الدوريين على خزانات الصرف الصحي والسباكة ومرافق الصرف الصحي المرتبطة بها لضمان ظروف صحية جيدة

## السلامة وإلصحة المهنية

يجب على المقاول إعداد خطة الصحة والسلامة المهنية وتحليل مخاطر العمل خلال مرحلة البناء. سيقوم المقاول أيضًا بتعيين شخص متخصص للإشراف على الخطة. فيما يلي بعض تدابير التخفيف الرئيسية التي يجب تضمينها في الخطة:

- يجب تدريب العمال على تحديد وتقييم مخاطر السقوط وأن يكونوا على دراية كاملة بكيفية التحكم في التعرض لمثل هذه المخاطر
  - يجب على العمال وموظفي الموقع دائمًا استخدام معدات الحماية الشخصية خاصة عند التعامل مع المواد السامة.
    - يجب على العمال الامتثال لقاعدة إدارة الصحة والسلامة المهنية التي تخص الاستخدام الأمن للسلالم.
- لمنع مخاطر معدات البناء الثقيلة ، يجب على العمال اتباع إرشادات سلامة البناء المصممة للقضاء على التعرض لمثل هذه الإصابات والحوادث
  - يجب أن تكون معدات الطوارئ (مواد تنظيف الانسكاب ، طفايات الحريق ، إلخ ..) متوفرة دائمًا في الموقع.
    - يجب توفير الفحوصات الصحية الأولية والدورية للعمال.
    - يجب أن تتضمن الخطة تدابير الاستجابة لغيروس كورونا المستجد كما هو موضح في الملحق ٤.

- يجب تزويد العمال بتأمين صحي (يغطي تقديم الدعم الطبي في حالة الإصابة بالأمراض) وتأمين السلامة (الذي يغطي العمال في حالة الحوادث

#### السلامة المجتمعية

- يجب وضع خطط أمن وأمان كافية لمنع وصول الجمهور إلى مواقع العمل والمواد الخطرة والمخلفات
  - يجب على المقاول الالتزام بخطة إدارة المخلفات لتجنب أي عوائق أو مخاطر على السلامة.
    - يجب توفير آلية للتظلمات لضمان التواصل الفعال فيما يتعلق بمخاوف المجتمع.

## السلامة المرورية

- يجب تثبيت لافتات أمان لإخطار المجتمع بأن مركبات البناء ستستخدم الطرق المؤدية إلى محطة المياه
  - يجب على المقاول التأكد من أن النقل المرتبط بالبناء يتوافق مع حدود السرعة

#### عمالة الأطفال

- يجب كتابة شروط صارمة في عقد المقاول لحظر تعيين الأطفال دون سن ١٨ عامًا
  - يجب أن يحتفظ المقاول بنسخة من هويات جميع العاملين

## التراث الثقافي

- اتباع إجراء العثور على الأثار (مرفق رقم (٣))

## تدفق العمالة و العنف القائم على النوع الإجتماعي

- إعداد مدونة سلوك مناسبة تنص على التزام العمال تجاه فئات المجتمع والسلوكيات التي يجب تجنبها
  - يجب تدريب جميع العاملين على قواعد السلوك.
  - يجب توقيع قواعد السلوك من قبل المقاول من الباطن
- تعريف بمدونة قواعد السلوك يتم إجراؤه كل أسبوعين للعاملين الدائمين والوافدين الجدد قبل بدء العمل.
  - تطبيق المتطلبات الكاملة المتعلقة بتشغيل آلية التظلم بما في ذلك القنوات المجهولة
- زيادة وعي السكان المحلبين حول التزام المشروع تجاه المجتمعات والتدابير المتخذة لذلك من خلال المشاورات العامة ومناقشات على شكل مجاميع.
  - تطبيق العقوبات على العاملين المخالفين لقواعد السلوك

# البنية التحتية والمرافق

- في حالة تلف أحد المرافق الموجودة تحت الأرض وأنابيب البنية التحتية ، يجب اتباع الإجراءات القياسية ، بالإضافة إلى إعداد تقرير توثيقي للحادث.
  - في حالة قطع المياه، يجب إعلام المجتمع المحلي قبل القطع
    - تنفيذ آلية للشكاوي

# إدارة الخدمات الموقعية

- إقامة المخيم داخل أراضي محطة المياه
- ضمان إقامة كرفانات البناء الملائمة ومرافق الصرف الصحي للبناء، أي إنشاء خزان لتخزين المياه العادمة المنزلية الناتجة عن المخيم.
  - اتباع أفضل ممارسات إدارة المخلفات وتدابير التخفيف الواردة في خطة الإدارة البيئية والاجتماعية.
    - مراقبة ظروف العمل عن كثب ، وفرض تدابير للتحكم في انتقال الأمراض المعدية.

- الحفاظ على آلية فعالة للتظلم (تمت مناقشتها في فصل مشاركة أصحاب المصلحة). يجب أن تكون آلية معالجة المظالم هذه حساسة للنوع الاجتماعي وتضمن السرية

# العقوبات والغاء التعاقد

إذا فشل المقاول في الوفاء بأي من الالتزامات المذكورة أعلاه بموجب العقد ، فسيتم تطبيق العقوبات التالية:

| التفاصيل   | الإجراء         | المراحل         |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|
| يجب أن يتلقى المقاول بيان تحذير يتضمن الإجراء التصحيحي المقترح.  | التحذير         | المرحلة الأولي  |
| يجب أن تبدأ جميع الإجراءات التصحيحية في مدة لا تزيد عن أسبوعين.  |                 |                 |
| يجب على المقاول اتخاذ الإجراء التصحيحي بشكل سريع.  |                 |                 |
| في حالة عدم التزام المقاول بخطة الإدارة البيئية والاجتماعية ، لا يحق للمقاول الحصول على الدفعات النقدية بموجب شروط هذا العقد.  | الدفعات النقدية | المرحلة الثانية |
| لن يتم صرف المدفوعات حتى يتم وضع خطة عمل واضحة ويبدأ المقاول في تنفيذ الإجراءات المتفق عليها.  |                 |                 |
| لن يتم إنهاء العقد بسبب عدم الوفاء بالتزامات خطة الإدارة البيئية والاجتماعية. ومع ذلك ، سيخصم مالك المشروع تكلفة تنفيذ خطة الإدارة البيئية والاجتماعية من العقد. وفي هذه الحالة يجب إرفاق دليل واضح على فشل المقاول في تنفيذ خطة الإدارة البيئية والاجتماعية | إلغاء التعاقد   | المرحلة الثالثة |

# Annex (5): Cultural Heritage Chance Find Procedure

Cultural property includes monuments, structures, works of art, or sites of significance points of view, and are defined as sites and structures having archaeological, historical, architectural, or religious significance, and natural sites with cultural values. During the project induction meeting, all contractors will be made aware of the presence of an on-site archaeologist who will monitor earthmoving and excavation activities.

The initial phase of the proposed emergency rehabilitation operations pose limited risks in damaging cultural property since subprojects will largely consist of small investments in community infrastructure and income generating activities, rehabilitation of existing structures, and minor public works. Further, it is understood by the Consultant that any activity that would adversely impact cultural property would make a subproject ineligible. Nevertheless, the Consultant will check that the following procedures for identification, protection from theft, and treatment of discovered artifacts should be followed in the event that archaeological material is discovered:

- Stop all construction activities in the area of the chance find.
- Delineate the discovered site or area.
- Record the find location, and all remains are to be left in place.
- Secure the site to prevent any damage or loss of removable objects. In cases of removable antiquities or sensitive remains, a night guard shall be present until the responsible local authorities and the Ministry of Culture immediately (within 24 hours or less);
- Notify the supervisory Engineer who in turn will notify the responsible local authorities and the Ministry of Culture (within 72 hours). The significance and importance of the findings should be assessed according to the various

- criteria relevant to cultural heritage; those include the aesthetic, historic, scientific or research, social and economic values.
- Decisions on how to handle the findings shall be taken by the responsible authorities and the Ministry of Culture.
   This could include changes in the layout (such as when finding an irremovable remain of cultural or archaeological importance) conservation, preservation, restoration and salvage.
- Implementation for the authority decision concerning the management of the finding shall be communicated in writing by the Ministry of Culture; and
- Construction work could resume only after permission is given from the responsible local authorities and the Ministry of Culture concerning safeguard of the heritage.
- The Consultant will ensure that during project supervision, the Site engineer will monitor the above regulations relating to the treatment of any chance find encountered and observed. Relevant findings will be recorded in World Bank Project Supervision Reports (PSRs), and Implementation Completion Reports (ICRs) will assess the overall effectiveness of the project's cultural property mitigation, management, and activities, as appropriate.